TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGES

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4 - 10

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Government-wide Financial Statements	
Α	Statement of Net Position	11
В	Statement of Activities	12
	Fund Financial Statements	
	Governmental Funds	
C-1	Balance Sheet	13
C-2	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	15
C-4	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
	Budgetary Comparison Information	
D	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	17
	Proprietary Funds	
E-1	Statement of Net Position	18
E-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	19
E-3	Statement of Cash Flows	20
	Fiduciary Funds	
F-1	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	21
F-2	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	22
	NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	23 - 52

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

G	Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	53
H	Schedule of Town Contributions – Pensions	54
	NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION LIABILITY	55
I	Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	56
Ĵ	Schedule of Town Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits	57
K	Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios	58
	NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -	
	OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY	59

TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGES

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

	Governmental Funds Major General Fund	
1	Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis).	60
2	Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	61
3	Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance	62
4	Combining Balance Sheet	63
5	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	64
	Custodial Funds	
6	Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position	65
7	Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	66

SINGLE AUDIT ACT SCHEDULES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL	
	REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN	
	AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE	
	WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	67
	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL	
	PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED	
	BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	68 - 69
T	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	70
II I	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	71
п		
	NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	72



PLODZIK & SANDERSON

Professional Association/Certified Public Accountants 193 North Main Street • Concord • New Hampshire • 03301-5063 • 603-225-6996 • FAX 603-224-1380

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Town Council and Town Manager Town of Newmarket Newmarket, New Hampshire

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newmarket, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newmarket, as of June 30, 2022, the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Newmarket and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Town of Newmarket's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Newmarket's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Town of Newmarket Independent Auditor's Report

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Newmarket's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Newmarket's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2-C to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2022, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information – Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the following be presented to supplement the basic financial statements:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis,
- Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability,
- Schedule of Town Contributions Pensions,
- Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability,
- Schedule of Town Contributions Other Postemployment Benefits,
- Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios, and
- Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information - Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Newmarket's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2023 on our consideration of the Town of Newmarket's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Newmarket's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 23, 2023 Concord, NH

Sleryl A. Viatt, CPA

PLODZIK & SANDERSON Professional Association

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Town of Newmarket, New Hampshire (the Town), we offer readers of the Town's Financial Statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

1. Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent year by \$65,703,110 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$9,471,722 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net position increased by \$218,727.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,002,781, an increase of \$411,773 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the budgetary-basis unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,076,336 and is *available for spending* at the Annual Town Meeting's discretion.
- The Town's total bonded debt increased by \$11,440,775 during the current fiscal year, to \$13,505,775, due to a refinancing a loan payable. Notes/loans payable decreased by \$8,393,834 during the current fiscal year, to \$11,543,448, related to the refinanced loan.

2. Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information (including this management's discussion and analysis.) This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements.</u> The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement* of *net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the items reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless* of *the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, highways and streets, welfare, culture and recreation, and conservation. The business-type activities of the Town include water, wastewater, and solid waste.

<u>Fund Financial Statements.</u> A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources,* as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The Town adopted an annual appropriated budget for its major general, water, wastewater, solid waste funds as well as three nonmajor funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds: The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, and solid waste operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the governmental-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for water, wastewater, and solid waste operations, each of which is considered to be a major fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information that is required to be disclosed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

3. Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$65,703,110 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Town's net position (79 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and building improvements, machinery, equipment and furnishings, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following is a summary of condensed statement of net position and statement of activities for government-wide financial data for the current and prior fiscal years.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	
Total assets	\$ 66,306,491	\$ 66,280,098	\$ 46,312,908	\$ 48,775,125	\$112,619,399	\$115,055,223	
Deferred outflows of resources	2,405,656	1,796,816	299,000	239,524	2,704,656	2,036,340	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilites Total liabilities	12,410,436 704,447 13,114,883	10,564,565 852,481 11,417,046	3,809,596 19,944,089 23,753,685	22,878,541 1,393,582 24,272,123	16,220,032 20,648,536 36,868,568	33,443,106 2,246,063 35,689,169	
Deferred inflows of resources:	12,929,801	15,434,463	51,303	264,821	12,981,104	15,699,284	
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	41,719,761 1,722,856 (775,154) \$ 42,667,463	39,628,283 1,562,722 34,400 \$41,225,405	11,140,823 5,248,290 6,417,807 \$ 22,806,920	12,321,702 2,718,681 9,437,322 \$24,477,705	52,860,584 6,971,146 5,642,653 \$ 65,474,383	51,949,985 4,281,403 9,471,722 \$ 65,703,110	

	Governmental Activities Busin		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total	
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Expenses:						A
General government	\$ 3,852,854	\$ 3,590,213	\$ -	\$	\$ 3,852,854	\$ 3,590,213
Public safety	2,819,109	2,694,593	3 4 5		2,819,109	2,694,593
Highways and streets	2,493,383	4,266,060		7.54	2,493,383	4,266,060
Water		(.)	1,103,909	1,593,515	1,103,909	1,593,515
Sanitation	1	-	1,777,832	2,815,433	1,777,832	2,815,433
Welfare	83,375	137,624) –		83,375	137,624
Culture and recreation	915,160	1,065,343	1.55		915,160	1,065,343
Conservation	87,668	88,543		12	87,668	88,543
Economic development	9,500	20,500	-	÷	9,500	20,500
Interest on long-term debt	64,707	166,364			64,707	166,364
Miscellaneous		-	-	· · · · ·	1	
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,325,756	\$ 12,029,240	\$ 2,881,741	\$ 4,408,948	\$ 13,207,497	\$ 16,438,188
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Program revenues:			-	-		
Charges for services	\$ 797,937	\$ 1,249,476	\$ 3,797,968	\$ 4,037,018	\$ 4,595,905	\$ 5,286,494
Operating grants and contributions	731,838	1,083,772	175,755	76,665	907,593	1,160,437
Capital grants and contributions		199,407	1,018,463	1,077,347	1,018,463	1,276,754
General revenues:						
Property taxes and other taxes	5,727,898	5,727,716	2	÷	5,727,898	5,727,716
Motor vehicle permit fees	1,836,641	1,793,746	1	-	1,836,641	1,793,746
Licenses and other fees	219,060	309,270			219,060	309,270
Grants and contributions not related to	,					
specific programs	592,816	711,576	2	-	592,816	711,576
Investment income	35,231	34,616	28,422	14,790	63,653	49,406
Miscellaneous	114,692	207,846	6,118	126,470	120,810	334,316
Contributions to permanent funds	8,400	7,200			8,400	7,200
Transfers	(630,653)	(747,443)	630,653	747,443	(#)	200
	00000000	(, ,	,000		\$ 15,091,239	\$ 16,656,915

Change in net position	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Net position, beginning	43,569,359	42,677,463	20,031,282	22,806,920	63,600,641	65,484,383
Net position, ending	42,677,463	41,225,405	22,806,920	24,477,705	65,484,383	65,703,110
Change in net position	(891,896)	(1,452,058)	2,775,638	1,670,785	1,883,742	218,727

As of June 30, 2022, an additional portion of the Town's total net position (7 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$9,419,716, may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental activities. Net position of the governmental activities decreased by \$(1,452,058). Key elements of this change are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Fund	\$51,853
Nonmajor Funds	359,920
Depreciation expense, net of capital asset purchases	(1,528,741)
Financial resources, such as deferred tax and grant	
revenue, met the revenue recognition criteria	(8,466)
Issuance of long-term debt	(953,586)
Repayment of long-term debt	413,953
Change in net pension and OPEB obligation, net of deferred resources	303,803
Other GAAP accruals	(90,794)
Total	\$(1,452,058)

Business-type activities. The Town's Business-type activities net position changed by \$1,670,785. Key elements of this change are, as follows:

Business-type Activities:	
Water operations	\$ 934,992
Wastewater operations	239,805
Solid waste operations	495,988
Total	<u>\$1,670,785</u>

4. Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,002,781, which is an increase of \$411,773 in comparison with the prior year. Key elements of this change are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	A 54 050
General fund	\$ 51,853
Nonmajor funds	359,920
Total	<u>\$411,773</u>

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the GAAP-basis unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,040,646, while the total fund balance was \$5,407,762. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 33.10 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 59.32 percent of that same amount.

As noted above, total fund balance of the general fund changed by \$51,853 during the current fiscal year. Key elements of this change are as follows:

Revenue in excess of budget	\$ 293,508
Expenditures less than budget	416,449
Use of fund balance as a funding source	(598,373)
Change in encumbrances	87,919
Activity of blended funds	(241,858)
Elimination of transfers between blended funds	85,742
Change in 60-day deferred tax revenue	8,466
Total	\$ 51,853

5. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town Council has authority under RSA 32:10 to transfer appropriation transfers between line items. The Town Council did not authorize transfers between budgeted appropriations.

6. Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The Town's investment in capital assets, as of June 30, 2022, amounted to \$43,972,964 and \$33,949,264 (net of accumulated depreciation), for its governmental and business-type activities, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and building improvements, machinery, vehicles, and equipment, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
Capital Asset Additions:		
Paving	\$433,849	
DPW Trucks	\$164,000	
Tucker Well (WTF)		\$2,785,098
South Main Street Water Project (WTF)		\$1,231,689
New Road Water (WTF)		\$ 556,171
Bay Road Water Main (WTF)		\$ 553,607

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

7. Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Office, Town of Newmarket, 186 Main Street, Newmarket, New Hampshire 03857.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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EXHIBIT A TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,206,271	\$ 10,266,818	\$ 27,473,089
Investments	1,194,758	• 10,200,010	1,194,758
Taxes receivables	3,379,630		3,379,630
Account receivables (net)	226,726	1,093,177	1,319,903
Intergovernmental receivable	433,532	3,204,312	3,637,844
Internal balances	(223,274)	223,274	
Prepaid items	84,882	38,280	123,162
Tax deeded property, subject to resale	4,609	()##	4,609
Capital assets:	1,005		10
Land and construction in progress	8,731,176	11,437,409	20,168,585
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	35,241,788	22,511,855	57,753,643
Total assets	66,280,098	48,775,125	115,055,223
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Amounts related to pensions	1,460,713	163,544	1,624,257
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	336,103	75,980	412,083
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,796,816	239,524	2,036,340
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	78,797	97,086	175,883
Accrued salaries and benefits	80,886	10,165	91,051
Retainage payable	38,402	257,117	295,519
Contracts payable	345,620	804,605	1,150,225
Accrued interest payable	118,326	213,209	331,535
Intergovernmental payable	132,389	-	132,389
Escrow and performance deposits	58,061	11,400	69,461
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	439,143	816,699	1,255,842
Due in more than one year	10,125,422	22,061,842	32,187,264
Total liabilities	11,417,046	24,272,123	35,689,169
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	13,054,180	5	13,054,180
Unavailable revenue - grants	503,251		503,251
Amounts related to pensions	1,505,064	168,510	1,673,574
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	371,968	96,311	468,279
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,434,463	264,821	15,699,284
NET POSITION	20 (20 202	10 201 700	51 040 095
Net investment in capital assets	39,628,283	12,321,702	51,949,985
Restricted	1,562,722	2,718,681	4,281,403
Unrestricted		9,437,322	9,471,722
Total net position	\$ 41,225,405	\$ 24,477,705	\$ 65,703,110

EXHIBIT B TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenue	es	Net (Expense)	Revenue and	
		Charges	Operating	Capital	Change in M	Net Position	
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,590,213	\$ 7,312	\$ 119,136	\$ -	\$ (3,463,765)	\$ -	\$ (3,463,765)
Public safety	2,694,593	631,952	99,820		(1,962,821)	₹.	(1,962,821)
Highways and streets	4,266,060	1,360	178,153	-	(4,086,547)		(4,086,547)
Welfare	137,624	2	101,635	¥	(35,989)		(35,989)
Culture and recreation	1,065,343	608,852	113,386	199,407	(143,698)	2	(143,698)
Conservation	88,543	đ	15,144		(73,399)	1	(73,399)
Economic development	20,500	-	-	Ξ.	(20,500)	. .	(20,500)
Interest on long-term debt	166,364	3 4	÷	¥	(166,364)	÷	(166,364)
Capital outlay	•	-	456,498		456,498	¥	456,498
Total governmental activities	12,029,240	1,249,476	1,083,772	199,407	(9,496,585)		(9,496,585)
Business-type activities:							
Water	1,593,515	1,423,612	-	1,077,347	5 2 8	907,444	907,444
Wastewater	2,164,963	2,216,191	76,665		5 6 5	127,893	127,893
Solid waste	650,470	397,215		12	-	(253,255)	(253,255)
Total business-type activities	4,408,948	4,037,018	76,665	1,077,347		782,082	782,082
Total	\$ 16,438,188	\$ 5,286,494	\$ 1,160,437	\$ 1,276,754	(9,496,585)	782,082	(8,714,503)
	General revenues:						
	Taxes:						
	Property				5,610,455		5,610,455
	Other				117,261		117,261
	Motor vehicle perm	it fees			1,793,746	a (1,793,746
	Licenses and other	fees			309,270		309,270
	Grants and contribu	tions not restrict	ed to specific prop	grams	711,576	-	711,576
	Unrestricted invest	nent earnings			34,616	14,790	49,406
	Miscellaneous				207,846	119,270	327,116
	Total general re	evenues			8,784,770	134,060	8,918,830
	Contributions to	permanent funds			7,200		7,200
	Gain on sale of p	roperty			-	7,200	7,200
	Tranfers				(747,443)	747,443	. <u></u>
		revenues, contri	butions, and trans	fers	8,044,527	888,703	8,933,230
	Change in net positio		,		(1,452,058)	1,670,785	218,727
	Net position, beginni		ee Note 21)		42,677,463	22,806,920	65,484,383
	Net position, ending	0,	/		\$ 41,225,405	\$ 24,477,705	\$ 65,703,110

EXHIBIT C-1 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Gener	ral	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,25		\$	1,956,220	\$	17,206,271
Investments	10	7,548		1,087,210		1,194,758
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible:						
Taxes		4,630		45,000		3,379,630
Accounts	20	2,229		24,497		226,726
Intergovernmental receivable		=		433,532		433,532
Interfund receivable		1,382		25,967		57,349
Prepaid items		7,805		-		107,805
Tax deeded property, subject to resale		4,609			_	4,609
Total assets	\$ 19,03	8,254	\$	3,572,426	\$	22,610,680
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 4	6,384	\$	32,413	\$	78,797
Accrued salaries and benefits	6	8,114		12,772		80,886
Retainage payable		ŝ		38,402		38,402
Contracts payable		Ξ.		345,620		345,620
Intergovernmental payable	11	4,852		17,537		132,389
Interfund payable	25	3,211		27,412		280,623
Escrow and performance deposits	5	8,061		ι.		58,061
Total liabilities	54	0,622		474,156	а. а	1,014,778
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	13,08	9,870				13,089,870
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		503,251		503,251
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,08	9,870		503,251		13,593,121
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	11	2,414		928,527		1,040,941
Restricted	29	5,844		338,351		634,195
Committed	1,77	4,142		1,328,141		3,102,283
Assigned	18	4,716				184,716
Unassigned	3,04	0,646			_	3,040,646
Total fund balances	5,40	7,762		2,595,019		8,002,781
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 19,03	8,254	\$	3,572,426	\$	22,610,680

EXHIBIT C-2 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-1)		\$ 8,002,781
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 88,844,417 (44,871,453)	43,972,964
Pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 1,460,713 (1,505,064) 336,103 (371,968)	(80,216)
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. Receivables Payables	\$ (57,349) 57,349	(00,210)
Long-term revenue (taxes) is not available to pay current period expenditures, and therefore, is deferred in the governmental funds.		35,690
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds. Accrued interest payable		(118,326)
Repayment of long-term liabilities not due until subsequent year are recorded in the governmental funds are prepaid items, but reduce the liability on the government-wide financial statements.		(22,923)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds Notes Unamortized bond premium Compensated absences Net pension liability Other postemployment benefits	\$ 1,800,000 2,368,551 176,130 369,015 4,823,086 1,027,783	(10,564,565)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)		\$ 41,225,405

EXHIBIT C-3 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Taxes \$ 5,743,450 \$ 45,000 \$ 5,788,450 Licenses and permits 2,103,016 - 2,103,016 Intergovernmental 975,5364 1,280,784 2,256,148 Charges for services 368,542 880,934 1,249,476 Miscellaneous 192,780 169,635 362,415 Total revenues 9,383,152 2,376,353 11,759,505 EXPENDITURES 2,158,529 190,326 2,348,855 Highways and streets 1,503,809 - 1,503,809 1,503,809 Velfare 35,989 101,635 137,624 Culture and recreation 614,180 418,652 1,032,832 Conservation 3,070 85,473 88,543 Economic development 20,500 - 20,500 Debt service: - 77,800 - 77,800 Principal 265,000 - 265,000 - 20,500 Debt service: - - 2,510,000		General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Licenses and permits2,103,016-2,103,016Intergovernmental975,3641,280,7842,256,148Charges for services368,542880,9341,249,476Miscellancous192,780169,635362,415Total revenues9,383,1522,376,35311,759,505EXPENDITURESCurrent:9,383,1522,376,35311,759,505General government3,564,801284,5833,849,384Public safety2,158,529190,3262,348,855Highways and streets1,503,809-1,503,809Welfare35,989101,635137,624Cutrent:614,180418,6521,032,832Conservation3,07085,74388,543Economic development20,500-20,500Debt service:Principal265,000-77,800Interest77,800-77,800-Capital outlay785,2751,017,83911,127,461Excess of revenues over expenditures354,199277,845632,044OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)527,172-527,172Transfers in28,520110,595139,115Transfers out(858,038)(28,520)(886,558)Note proceeds527,172-527,172Total other financing sources (uses)(302,346)82,075(220,271)Net change in fund balances51,853359,920411,773Fund balances, beginning5,355,9092	REVENUES			
Intergovernmental 975,364 1,280,784 2,256,148 Charges for services 368,542 880,934 1,249,476 Miscellaneous 192,780 169,635 362,415 Total revenues 9,383,152 2,376,353 11,759,505 EXPENDITURES 2,158,529 190,326 2,348,855 Highways and streets 1,503,809 - 1,503,809 Welfare 35,989 101,635 137,624 Cuttre and recreation 614,180 418,652 1,032,832 Conservation 3,070 85,473 88,543 Economic development 20,500 - 20,500 Debt service: 9,028,953 2,098,508 11,127,461 Excess of revenues over expenditures 354,199 277,845 632,044 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 11,27,461 11,27,461 11,27,461 Transfers in 28,520 110,595 139,115 Transfers out (858,038) (28,520) (886,558) Note proceeds 527,172 527,17	Taxes	\$ 5,743,450	\$ 45,000	
Integr of man Charges for services $368,542$ $880,934$ $1,249,476$ Miscellaneous $192,780$ $169,635$ $362,415$ Total revenues $9,383,152$ $2,376,353$ $11,739,505$ EXPENDITURESCurrent:General government $2,564,801$ $284,583$ $3,849,384$ Public safety $2,158,529$ $190,326$ $2,348,855$ Highways and streets $1,503,809$ $-1,503,809$ $-1,503,809$ Welfare $35,989$ $101,635$ $137,624$ Culture and recreation $614,180$ $418,652$ $1,032,832$ Conservation $3,070$ $85,473$ $88,543$ Economic development $20,500$ $ 20,500$ Debt service: $77,800$ $ 77,800$ Principal $265,000$ $ 265,000$ Interest $77,800$ $ 77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $527,172$ $ 527,172$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ $ 527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ </td <td>Licenses and permits</td> <td>2,103,016</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	Licenses and permits	2,103,016	-	
Image in our result192,780169,635362,415Miscellaneous9,383,1522,376,35311,759,505EXPENDITURESCurrent:General government3,564,801284,5833,849,384Public safety2,158,529190,3262,348,855Highways and streets1,503,809-1,503,809Welfare35,989101,635137,624Cutture and recreation614,180418,6521,032,832Conservation3,07085,47388,543Economic development20,500-20,500Debt service:Principal265,000-265,000Interest77,800-77,800Capital outlay785,2751,017,8391,803,114Total expenditures354,199277,845632,044OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)110,595139,115Transfers in28,520110,595139,115Transfers out(858,038)(28,520)(886,558)Note proceeds527,172-527,172Total other financing sources (uses)51,853359,920411,773Fund balances51,853359,920411,773Fund balances, beginning5,355,9092,235,0997,591,008	Intergovernmental	975,364		
Total revenues $9,383,152$ $2,376,353$ $11,759,505$ EXPENDITURESCurrent: $3,564,801$ $284,583$ $3,849,384$ Public safety $2,158,529$ $190,326$ $2,348,855$ Highways and streets $1,503,809$ $-1,503,809$ Welfare $35,989$ $101,635$ $137,624$ Culture and recreation $614,180$ $418,652$ $1,032,832$ Conservation $3,070$ $85,473$ $88,543$ Economic development $20,500$ $ 20,500$ Debt service: $77,800$ $ 77,800$ Principal $265,000$ $ 265,000$ Interest $77,800$ $ 77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $77,200$ $ 527,172$ Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ $ 527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,2235,099$ $7,591,008$	Charges for services	368,542	880,934	
EXPENDITURES Current: 3,564,801 284,583 3,849,384 Public safety 2,158,529 190,326 2,348,855 Highways and streets 1,503,809 - 1,503,809 Welfare 35,989 101,635 137,624 Culture and recreation 614,180 418,652 1,032,832 Conservation 3,070 85,473 88,543 Economic development 20,500 - 20,500 Debt service: Principal 265,000 - 265,000 Interest 77,800 - 77,800 - 77,800 Capital outlay 785,275 1,017,839 1,803,114 Total expenditures 354,199 277,845 632,044 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 527,172 - 527,172 Total other financing sources (uses) 28,520 110,595 139,115 Note proceeds 527,172 - 527,172 527,172 Total other financing sources (uses) 20,3246) 82,075 (220,271) Net change in fund balances 51,853	Miscellaneous	192,780	169,635	
Current: General government $3,564,801$ $284,583$ $3,849,384$ Public safety $2,158,529$ $190,326$ $2,348,855$ Highways and streets $1,503,809$ $ 1,503,809$ Welfare $35,989$ $101,635$ $137,624$ Culture and recreation $614,180$ $418,652$ $1,032,832$ Conservation $3,070$ $85,473$ $88,543$ Economic development $20,500$ $ 20,500$ Debt service: $ 20,500$ $ 265,000$ Principal $265,000$ $ 265,000$ Interest $77,800$ $ 77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $32,7172$ $ 527,172$ Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ $ 527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Total revenues	9,383,152	2,376,353	11,759,505
General government $3,564,801$ $284,583$ $3,849,384$ Public safety $2,158,529$ $190,326$ $2,348,855$ Highways and streets $1,503,809$ - $1,503,809$ Welfare $35,989$ $101,635$ $137,624$ Culture and recreation $614,180$ $418,652$ $1,032,832$ Conservation $3,070$ $85,473$ $88,543$ Economic development $20,500$ - $20,500$ Debt service: $77,800$ - $77,800$ Principal $265,000$ - $265,000$ Interest $77,800$ - $77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $527,172$ - $527,172$ -Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ - $527,172$ -Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	EXPENDITURES			
Contrar government $2,158,529$ $190,326$ $2,348,855$ Highways and streets $1,503,809$ - $1,503,809$ Welfare $35,989$ $101,635$ $137,624$ Culture and recreation $614,180$ $418,652$ $1,032,832$ Conservation $3,070$ $85,473$ $88,543$ Economic development $20,500$ - $20,500$ Debt service: $77,800$ - $77,800$ Principal $265,000$ - $265,000$ Interest $77,800$ - $77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $527,172$ - $527,172$ Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ - $527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $302,346$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Current:			
Hubble sately1,503,809-1,503,809Highways and streets1,503,809-1,503,809Welfare35,989101,635137,624Culture and recreation614,180418,6521,032,832Conservation3,07085,47388,543Economic development20,500-20,500Debt service:265,000-265,000Principal265,000-77,800Interest77,800-77,800Capital outlay785,2751,017,8391,803,114Total expenditures9,028,9532,098,50811,127,461Excess of revenues over expenditures354,199277,845632,044OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in28,520110,595139,115Transfers out(858,038)(28,520)(886,558)Note proceeds527,172-527,172Total other financing sources (uses)(302,346)82,075(220,271)Net change in fund balances51,853359,920411,773Fund balances, beginning5,355,9092,235,0997,591,008Fund balances, beginning5,355,9092,235,0997,591,008	General government	3,564,801	,	
Ingrivary and streets $35,989$ $101,635$ $137,624$ Welfare $35,989$ $101,635$ $137,624$ Culture and recreation $614,180$ $418,652$ $1,032,832$ Conservation $3,070$ $85,473$ $88,543$ Economic development $20,500$ - $20,500$ Debt service: $77,800$ - $77,800$ Principal $265,000$ - $265,000$ Interest $77,800$ - $77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ - $527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Public safety	2,158,529	190,326	
Weine614,180418,6521,032,832Culture and recreation $3,070$ $85,473$ $88,543$ Economic development $20,500$ - $20,500$ Debt service: $20,500$ - $20,500$ Principal $265,000$ - $265,000$ Interest $77,800$ - $77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $858,038$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ - $527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Highways and streets	1,503,809	-	
Conservation $3,070$ $85,473$ $88,543$ Economic development $20,500$ - $20,500$ Debt service: $265,000$ - $265,000$ Principal $265,000$ - $77,800$ Interest $77,800$ - $77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $886,558$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ $ 527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $302,346$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Welfare	35,989		
Economic development $20,500$ - $20,500$ Debt service: $20,500$ - $20,500$ Principal $265,000$ - $265,000$ Interest $77,800$ - $77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ - $527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Culture and recreation	614,180	418,652	
Debt service:265,000265,000Principal265,000-Interest77,800-Capital outlay785,2751,017,839Total expenditures9,028,9532,098,508Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in28,520110,595Transfers out(858,038)(28,520)Note proceeds $527,172$ -Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Conservation	3,070	85,473	88,543
Principal $265,000$ - $265,000$ Interest $77,800$ $77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $858,038$ $(28,520)$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ $527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Economic development	20,500	-	20,500
InterparInterpar $77,800$ $ 77,800$ Capital outlay $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ $ 527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Debt service:			
Indicist $785,275$ $1,017,839$ $1,803,114$ Capital outlay Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out Note proceeds Total other financing sources (uses) $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Principal	265,000		265,000
Capital outlity Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out Note proceeds $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds Total other financing sources (uses) $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Interest	77,800	×	77,800
Total expenditures $9,028,953$ $2,098,508$ $11,127,461$ Excess of revenues over expenditures $354,199$ $277,845$ $632,044$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ $ 527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Capital outlay	785,275	1,017,839	1,803,114
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out (858,038) Note proceeds 527,172 Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning 5,355,909 2,235,099 7,591,008		9,028,953	2,098,508	11,127,461
Transfers in $28,520$ $110,595$ $139,115$ Transfers out $(858,038)$ $(28,520)$ $(886,558)$ Note proceeds $527,172$ - $527,172$ Total other financing sources (uses) $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Excess of revenues over expenditures	354,199	277,845	632,044
Transfers out (858,038) (28,520) (886,558) Note proceeds 527,172 - 527,172 Total other financing sources (uses) (302,346) 82,075 (220,271) Net change in fund balances 51,853 359,920 411,773 Fund balances, beginning 5,355,909 2,235,099 7,591,008	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Mainters out $527,172$ - $527,172$ Note proceeds $(302,346)$ $82,075$ $(220,271)$ Net change in fund balances $51,853$ $359,920$ $411,773$ Fund balances, beginning $5,355,909$ $2,235,099$ $7,591,008$	Transfers in	28,520		
Note proceeds (302,346) 82,075 (220,271) Net change in fund balances 51,853 359,920 411,773 Fund balances, beginning 5,355,909 2,235,099 7,591,008	Transfers out	(858,038)	(28,520)	
Net change in fund balances 51,853 359,920 411,773 Fund balances, beginning 5,355,909 2,235,099 7,591,008	Note proceeds	527,172	<u> </u>	527,172
Fund balances, beginning 5,355,909 2,235,099 7,591,008		(302,346)	82,075	(220,271)
	Net change in fund balances	51,853		
Fund balances, ending \$ 5,407,762 \$ 2,595,019 \$ 8,002,781	Fund balances, beginning			
	Fund balances, ending	\$ 5,407,762	\$ 2,595,019	\$ 8,002,781

EXHIBIT C-4 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

A-		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-3)		\$ 411,773
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay expenditures in the current year, as follows: Capitalized capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 898,808 (2,425,490)	(1,526,682)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and donations) is to decrease net position.		(2,059)
Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Transfers in Transfers out	\$ (139,115) 139,115	
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Change in deferred tax revenue		(8,466)
Prepaid debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds, but reduces net position on the government-wide statements. Change in prepaid debt		(22,923)
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Proceeds of notes/loans payable Repayment of bonds payable Repayment of notes/loans payable Amortization of bond premium	\$ (953,586) 265,000 139,168 9,785	(539,633)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Increase in accrued interest expense Decrease in compensated absences payable Net change in net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred	\$ (75,426) 7,555 315,779 (11,976)	(337,033)
outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(11,976)	235,932
Changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$ (1,452,058)

EXHIBIT D TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 5,684,280	\$ 5,684,280	\$ 5,734,984	\$ 50,704
Licenses and permits	1,998,830	1,998,830	2,049,516	50,686
Intergovernmental	1,031,062	1,031,062	975,364	(55,698)
Charges for services	217,250	217,250	345,901	128,651
Miscellaneous	50,000	50,000	169,165	119,165
Total revenues	8,981,422	8,981,422	9,274,930	293,508
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,021,589	4,021,589	3,567,024	454,565
Public safety	2,352,535	2,352,535	2,178,376	174,159
Highways and streets	1,218,062	1,218,062	1,262,915	(44,853)
Welfare	88,430	88,430	35,989	52,441
Culture and recreation	286,444	286,444	271,809	14,635
Conservation	2,900	2,900	3,070	(170)
Economic development	30,000	30,000	*	30,000
Debt service:				
Principal	200,000	275,000	265,000	10,000
Interest	70,332	73,472	77,800	(4,328)
Capital outlay		586,103	586,103	
Total expenditures	8,270,292	8,934,535	8,248,086	686,449
Excess of revenues over expenditures	711,130	46,887	1,026,844	979,957
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	664,243	664,243	-
Transfers out	(1,309,503)	(1,309,503)	(1,579,503)	(270,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,309,503)	(645,260)	(915,260)	(270,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (598,373)	\$ (598,373)	111,584	\$ 709,957
Increase in nonspendable fund balance			(32,973)	
Unassigned fund balance, beginning			2,997,725	
Unassigned fund balance, ording			\$ 3,076,336	
Unassigned fund balance, chung				

EXHIBIT E-1 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities							
			Enter	prise Funds				Total
	_	Water	W	astewater	So	lid Waste	Ente	erprise Funds
ASSETS					¢	001 455	¢	10 200 910
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,049,382	\$	3,235,959	\$	981,477	\$	10,266,818
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible:						10 100		1 002 175
Accounts		373,644		677,425		42,108		1,093,177
Intergovernmental		348,305		2,856,007		-		3,204,312
Internal balances		-		227,629		-		227,629
Prepaid items		-		38,280		-		38,280
Capital assets:								
Land and construction in progress		10,183,447		1,253,962		(e) (11,437,409
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	-	7,353,058		15,158,797				22,511,855
Total assets	-	24,307,836		23,448,059		1,023,585		48,779,480
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Amounts related to pensions		58,564		104,980				163,544
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits		27,764		48,216		-		75,980
Total deferred outflows of resources		86,328		153,196				239,524
JIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		8,552		34,327		54,207		97,086
Accrued salaries and benefits		3,913		6,126		126		10,165
Retainage payable		257,117		a e s		3 5 3		257,11
Contract payable		792,023		12,582		: 5 0		804,60
Accrued interest payable		64,971		148,238				213,209
Internal balances		4,355		-				4,35
Escrow and performance deposits		11,400				:=:		11,400
Long term liabilities:		404.140		200 661		24.000		816,69
Due within one year		404,148		388,551		24,000		
Due in more than one year	0	12,745,466		8,944,376	_	372,000		22,061,842
Total liabilities	3 	14,291,945		9,534,200	-	450,333		24,276,478
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								1/0 51
Amounts related to pensions		60,342		108,168		2 6		168,51
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits		35,282		61,029		-		96,31
Total deferred inflows of resources	5	95,624		169,197	2			264,82
NET POSITION								10.001 53
Net investment in capital assets		4,702,588		7,619,114		0.44		12,321,70
Restricted		2,718,681		2. 5 4		1		2,718,68
Unrestricted		2,585,326		6,278,744	3 	573,252		9,437,32
Total net position	\$	10,006,595	\$	13,897,858	\$	573,252	\$	24,477,70

EXHIBIT E-2 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Business-type	e Activities	Total		
		Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds			
×	Water	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Enterprise Funds		
Operating revenues:	¢ 1 000 331	¢ 0.105.066	\$ 369,877	\$ 3,783,274		
User charges	\$ 1,288,331	\$ 2,125,066	27,338	27,338		
Other sales		0.454	27,338	12,805		
Fees and interest	4,351	8,454	-			
Miscellaneous	130,930	82,671	-	213,601		
Total operating revenues	1,423,612	2,216,191	397,215	4,037,018		
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and wages	343,172	569,491	17,088	929,751		
Operation and maintenance	148,446	274,369	¥	422,815		
Contractual services	446,694	327,839	578,632	1,353,165		
Materials and supplies	45,237	110,397	54,750	210,384		
Depreciation and amortization	357,415	460,450		817,865		
Total operating expenses	1,340,964	1,742,546	650,470	3,733,980		
Operating gain	82,648	473,645	(253,255)	303,038		
Nonoperating revenue (expense):						
Interest income	8,858	4,132	1,800	14,790		
Intergovernmental revenues	1,077,347	76,665	-	1,154,012		
Gain on sale of property	3,600	3,600	-	7,200		
Interest expense	(252,551)	(422,417)	1 <u></u>	(674,968)		
Other	15,090	104,180	-	119,270		
Total nonoperating revenues (expense)	852,344	(233,840)	1,800	620,304		
Other financing sources: Transfers in	-	÷	747,443	747,443		
	024.002	239,805	495,988	1,670,785		
Change in net position	934,992		495,988	22,806,920		
Net position, beginning, as restated (see Note 21)	9,071,603	13,658,053		\$ 24,477,705		
Net position, ending	\$ 10,006,595	\$ 13,897,858	\$ 573,252	¢ 24,477,703		

EXHIBIT E-3 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities				
	Enterprise Funds			Total	
	Water	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Enterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,411,411	\$ 2,158,972	\$ 390,155	\$ 3,960,538	
Payments to employees	(338,182)	(584,716)	(17,928)	(940,826)	
Payments to suppliers	(791,626)	(708,931)	(752,950)	(2,253,507)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	281,603	865,325	(380,723)	766,205	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
State Aid grants received	3 8 3	138,575	=	138,575	
State grant and loan proceeds received	3,623,966	÷	=	3,623,966	
Principal paid on bonds and notes	(151,661)	(506,214)	3	(657,875)	
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets	(5,047,788)	(383,479)	5	(5,431,267)	
Interest paid	(177,790)	(244,341)		(422,131)	
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(1,753,273)	(995,459)		(2,748,732)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating transfers in			747,443	747,443	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest on investments	8,858	4,132	1,800	14,790	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,462,812)	(126,002)	368,520	(1,220,294)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	7,512,194	3,361,961	612,957	11,487,112	
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 6,049,382	\$ 3,235,959	\$ 981,477	\$ 10,266,818	

Reconciliation of Operating Gain to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities

Operating gain	\$ 82,648	\$ 473,645	\$ (253,255)	\$ 303,038
Adjustments to reconcile operating gain to net				
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	357,415	460,450		817,865
Increase in accounts receivable	(12,201)	(57,219)	(7,060)	(76,480)
Increase in deferred outflows related to pensions	(26,299)	(45,515)	(1)	(71,814)
Increase in deferred outflows related to OPEB	17,351	35,190	-	52,541
Increase in accounts payable	337	4,400	432	5,169
Decrease in accrued salaries and benefits	(7,054)	(11,923)	(840)	(19,817)
Incease in contracts payable	(151,586)	(726)		(152,312)
Incease in compensated absences	5,286	6,111	1	11,397
Decrease in accrued landfill postclosure care costs	5	720	(120,000)	(120,000)
Incease in net pension liability	(36,034)	(90,340)	æ	(126,374)
Incease in OPEB liabilities	(25,569)	(44,957)	3 4 3	(70,526)
Decrease in deferred inflows related to pensions	52,628	93,474	-	146,102
Incease in deferred inflows related to OPEB	24,681	42,735		67,416
Total adjustments	198,955	391,680	(127,468)	463,167
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 281,603	\$ 865,325	\$ (380,723)	\$ 766,205

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT F-1 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust	All Custodial Funds		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,122	\$ 1,766,857		
Investments	703,515	¥:		
Intergovernmental receivables		9,972,911		
Total assets	738,637	11,739,768		
LIABILITIES				
Intergovernmental payables:				
School		9,525,552		
County		447,359		
Total liabilities	-	9,972,911		
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	\$ 738,637	\$ 1,766,857		

¥.

EXHIBIT F-2 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust		All Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS				
Contributions	\$	÷	\$	1,406,510
Investment earnings	71	,566		1,468
Impact fees collected		9		71,789
Taxes collected for other governments				0,263,285
Motor vehicle permit fees collected		<u>-</u>		556,891
Total additions	71	,566	2	2,299,943
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits paid	83	,877		
Administrative expenses	5	,241		3 9 3
Change in fair market value		2		798,255
Payments of taxes to other governments		E.	2	0,263,285
Payments of motor vehicle permit fees		a.		556,891
Total deductions	89	,118	2	1,618,431
Net increase in fiduciary net position	(17	,552)		681,512
Net position, beginning	756	756,189		1,085,345
Net position, ending	\$ 738	,637	\$	1,766,857

<u>NOTE</u>

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1
NEDOLUUS LUUU	1-A
Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus	1-B
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1-C
Statement of Cash Tiows	1-D
Investments	1-E
NELEIVAUIE8	1-F
Prepaid Items	1 - G
Capital Assets	1 - H
Interfund Activities	1-I
Floperty Taxes	1-J
Accounts 1 ayable	1-K
Detened Outlows of Resources	1-L
Compensated Absences	1-M
Long-term Obligations	1-N
Definicu Denerit I chistori I fait	1-0
rostemployment Denents Other Than rensions (OTED)	1-P
Not I Ushion/I unu Dulanous	1-Q
Use of Estimates	1-R
Material Change in Fund Classification	1-S
Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	2
Budgetary Information	2-A
Budgetary Reconciliation to GAAP Basis	2 - B
Accounting Change	2-C

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Cash and Cash Equivalents	3
Investments	4
Taxes Receivable	5
Other Receivables	6
Prepaid Items	7
Capital Assets	8
Interfund Balances and Transfers	9
Intergovernmental Payables	10
Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	11
Debt Refunding	12
Long-term Liabilities	13
Defined Benefit Pension Plan	14
Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS). Town of Newmarket Retiree Health Benefit Program.	15 15-A 15-B
State Aid to Water Pollution Projects	16
Commitments	17
Encumbrances	18

Net Position	19
Governmental Fund Balances	20
Prior Period Adjustments	21
Risk Management	22
COVID-19	
Contingent Liabilities	24
Subsequent Events	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Newmarket, New Hampshire (the Town), have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

1-A Reporting Entity

The Town of Newmarket is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Town Council and a Town Manager. In evaluating how to define the Town for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth by the GASB. The Town has no component units to include in its reporting entity.

1-B Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Town's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the Town accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the Town are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the Town are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated, except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying statement is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The Town has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of reimbursement-based grants, which use a period of one year. Property taxes, licenses, and permits, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – is the Town's primary operating fund. The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources include property taxes, State grants, and motor vehicle permit fees. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, debt service and capital outlay. Under GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* guidance, the library and expendable trust funds are consolidated in the general fund.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Project Funds – are used to account for the financial resources and activities relating to specific construction projects.

Permanent Fund – is used to record activity of legal trusts for which the interest on the corpus provides funds for the Town's cemetery operations.

All the governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements. The Town reports fourteen nonmajor governmental funds.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements – Include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund.

Proprietary funds are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – accounts for the operating activities of the Town's water utility system.

Wastewater Fund - accounts for the operating activities of the Town's sewer utility system.

Solid Waste Fund – accounts for the operating activities of the Town's solid waste collection system.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – Include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The Town's fiduciary funds are private purpose trust and custodial funds, which are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These funds are accounted for on a spending, or "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary funds explained above.

The Town reports the following fiduciary funds:

Private Purpose Trust Fund – is used to report trust arrangements, other than pension and investment trusts, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The private purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship funds held for the benefit of the students of Newmarket School District.

Custodial Fund – is custodial in nature and is used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

1-C Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Deposits with financial institutions consist primarily of demand deposits, certificates of deposits, and savings accounts. A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reflected on the combined financial statements under the caption "cash and cash equivalents."

The treasurer is required to deposit such moneys in solvent banks in state or the Public Deposit Investment Pool pursuant to New Hampshire RSA 383:22. Funds may be deposited in banks outside of the state if such banks pledge and deliver to a third party custodial bank or the Federal Reserve Bank, collateral security for such deposits, United States government or government agency obligations or obligations to the State of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case.

1-D Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

1-E Investments

State statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available as follows:

New Hampshire law authorizes the Town to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the United States government,
- The public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22,
- · Savings bank deposits,
- Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the State treasurer.

Any person who directly or indirectly receives any such funds or moneys for deposit or for investment in securities of any kind shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the Town. Only securities defined by the bank commissioner as provided by rules adopted pursuant to RSA 386:57 shall be eligible to be pledged as collateral.

Fair Value Measurements of Investments – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, except for investments measured using net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to estimate fair value, the Town categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by US GAAP. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used for fair value measurement into three levels as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Town has the ability to access at the measurement date. Directly held marketable equity securities would be examples of Level 1 investments.

Level 2 – Inputs are other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active. Because they most often are priced on the basis of transactions involving similar but not identical securities or do not trade with sufficient frequency, certain directly held fixed income securities are categorized in Level 2.

Level 3 – Inputs are significant unobservable inputs, using assumptions in determining the fair value of investments and derivative instruments.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. In certain instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, it is the level in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Investments are reported at fair value. If an investment is held directly by the Town and an active market with quoted prices

exists, such as for domestic equity securities, the market price of an identical security is used to report fair value and is classified in Level 1. Corporate fixed income securities and certain governmental securities utilize pricing that may involve estimation using similar securities or trade dates and are classified in Level 2. Fair values for shares in registered mutual funds and exchange-traded funds are based on published share prices and classified in Level 1.

In determining fair value, the Town utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible.

Investments in Certain External Investment Pools – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, the Town held investments with the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP) are categorized as Level 2. The NHPDIP measures all of its investments at amortized cost. There are no redemption restrictions and shares may be redeemed by the Town in accordance with the NHPDIP's Information Statement.

1-F Receivables

Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent amounts due to the Town at June 30. They are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for certain funds and aggregated columns. They consist primarily of taxes, billing for charges, and other user fees.

1-G Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, and expenses/expenditures as the items are used. Under the full accrual basis of accounting used for the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, prepayments of interest are recognized as expense to the extent they have been accrued.

1-H Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at actual cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation, if received on or before June 15, 2015. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. The Town has established a threshold of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year for capitalization of depreciable assets. All acquisitions of land and land improvements are capitalized regardless of cost.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Capital Asset Classes:	2
Buildings and building improvements	5 - 40
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	3 - 20
Infrastructure	5 - 40

1-I Interfund Activities

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

Interfund Receivables and Payables – Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Interfund Transfers – Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making the transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving the transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses. In the government-wide financial statements, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

1-J Property Taxes

Property tax billings occur semi-annually and are based on the assessed inventory values as of April 1 of each year. Warrants for the year were issued on June 3, 2021 and November 16, 2021, and were due on July 15, 2021, and December 20, 2021, respectively. For any regular property taxes issued, the interest accrues at a rate of 8% on bills outstanding after the due date and 14% on tax liens outstanding.

Property tax receivables are recognized on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax warrant is issued. Current year property tax receivables represent taxes levied but not remitted to the Town at June 30, 2022, and unpaid taxes. The succeeding year property tax receivable represent taxes certified by the Town to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

In connection with the setting of the tax rate, Town officials with the approval of the Department of Revenue Administration, establish and raise through taxation an amount for tax abatement and refunds, known as overlay. This amount is reported as a reduction in tax revenue and is adjusted by management for any reserve for uncollectable at year-end. The property taxes collected by the Town include taxes levied for the State of New Hampshire, Newmarket School District, and Rockingham County, which are remitted to these entities as required by law.

The Town net assessed valuation as of April 1, 2021, utilized in the setting of the tax rate was as follows:

Total assessment valuation with utilities	\$ 987,870,471
Total assessment valuation without utilities	\$ 980,930,171

The tax rates and amounts assessed for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Per \$1,000		Property		
	of Assessed		Taxes		
	Valuation			Assessed	
Municipal portion	\$	5.84	\$	5,763,240	
School portion:					
State of New Hampshire		1.98		1,944,085	
Local		17.62		17,410,242	
County portion		0.92		908,958	
Total	\$	26.36	\$	26,026,525	

1-K Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent the gross amount of expenditures or expenses incurred as a result of normal operations, but for which no actual payment has yet been issued to vendors/providers as of June 30, 2022.

1-L Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and thus will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Town has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits are reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds Statements of Net Position for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

Deferred inflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within 60 days after year-end.

1-M Compensated Absences

General leave for the Town includes vacation, sick and retirement stipend pay. General leave is based on an employee's length of employment and is earned ratably during the span of employment. Upon retirement or termination, employees are paid full value for any accrued general leave earned as set forth by the Town's personnel policy.

Vested or accumulated general leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated general leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the governmental fund and government-wide presentations.

1-N Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund Statements of Net Position. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, the Town utilizes the following classifications to categorize the financial transactions:

Direct Borrowings – financial transactions for a note or a loan where the Town negotiates certain terms with a single lender and are not offered for public sale.

Direct Placements – financial transactions for the sale of bonds where the Town engages with a single buyer or limited number of buyers without a public offering.

1-O Defined Benefit Pension Plan

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73 requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, and schedules have been prepared to provide employers with their calculated proportionate share of these amounts. The collective amounts have been allocated based on employer contributions during the respective fiscal years. Contributions from employers are recognized when legally due, based on statutory requirements.

The schedules prepared by New Hampshire Retirement System, and audited by the plan's independent auditors, require management to make a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature and uncertainty of these estimates, actual results could differ, and the differences may be material.

1-P Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Town maintains two separate other postemployment benefit plans, as follows:

New Hampshire Retirement System Plan – For the purposes of measuring the total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System OPEB Plan (the plan) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the New Hampshire Retirement System. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Single Employer Plan – For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the Town's actuarial report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

1-Q Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-wide Statements – Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position – Results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by a third party (statutory, bon covenant, or granting agency) or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project.

Unrestricted net position – Consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

Fund Balance Classifications – GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (such as prepaid items or tax deeded property subject to resale); or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the legislative body (Town Meeting). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the legislative body removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Town Council and Town Manager through the budgetary process.

Unassigned – Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When multiple net position/fund balance classifications are available for use, it is the Town's practice to utilize the most restricted balances first, then the next most restricted balance as needed. When components of unrestricted fund balance are used, committed fund balance is depleted first followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

The Town shall achieve and maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 5% of the general fund's annual budget, including Town, School, and County appropriations. The Town shall work toward maintaining an unassigned fund balance of at least 8% of the general fund's annual budget, including Town, School, and County appropriations.

1-R Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable, the useful lives and impairment of capital assets, net pension liability, other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to both pension and other postemployment benefits, and accrued landfill postclosure care costs, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from estimates.

1-S Material Change in Fund Classification

The accompanying financial statements reflect a change in classification from the prior year. Specifically, the Macallen Dam capital project fund, which accounts for the activity related to the repair and rehabilitation of the Macallen Dam, did not qualify as a major fund for the current fiscal year. As such it was reclassified to/from the nonmajor governmental funds.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2-A Budgetary Information

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the Town's operations. At its annual meeting, the Town adopts a budget for the current year for the major general fund, blended library fund, water, wastewater, and solid waste proprietary funds, and nonmajor recreation fund. Except as reconciled below, the budget was adopted on a basis consistent with US generally accepted accounting principles.

Management may transfer appropriations between operating categories as deemed necessary, but expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations in total. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and continuing appropriations (certain projects and specific items not fully expended at year-end) are recognized, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and are therefore, reported as part of the assigned fund balance at year-end, and are carried forward to supplement appropriations of the subsequent year.

State statutes require balanced budgets but provide for the use of beginning unassigned fund balance to achieve that end. For the fiscal year 2022, \$598,373 of the beginning general fund unassigned fund balance was applied for this purpose.

2-B Budgetary Reconciliation to GAAP Basis

While the Town reports financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual is presented for the general fund.

Differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis of accounting for the general fund are as follows:

Revenues and other financing sources: Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis) Adjustments:	\$ 9,939,173
Basis differences:	505 150
Inception of notes payable	527,172
GASB Statement No. 54:	00 756
To record miscellaneous income of the blended funds	99,756
To eliminate transfers between the general fund and blended funds	(635,723)
Change in deferred tax revenue relating to 60-day revenue recognition	9.466
recognized as revenue on the GAAP basis, but not on the budgetary basis	<u>8,466</u> \$ 9,938,844
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis)	\$ 9,930,044
Expenditures and other financing uses:	
Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis)	\$ 9,827,589
Adjustments:	
Basis differences:	
Inception of notes payable	527,172
Encumbrances, beginning	96,797
Encumbrances, ending	(184,716)
GASB Statement No. 54:	
To record expenditures of the blended funds during the year	341,614
To eliminate transfers between the general fund and blended funds	(721,465)
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis)	\$ 9,886,991

2-C Accounting Change

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The implementation of this Statement resulted in a reclassification of the prior year capital lease liabilities as notes payable in the governmental activities, however beginning net position was not affected.

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Town's deposits and certificates of deposit are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by collateral held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The FDIC currently insures the first \$250,000 of the Town's deposits at each financial institution, per case custodian. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are insured by the collateral. As of year-end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$29,275,068 and the bank balances totaled \$29,224,732. Petty cash totaled \$1,484.

Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:

Cash per Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)	\$ 27,473,089
Cash per Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds (Exhibit F-1)	 1,801,979
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,275,068

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS

Note 1-E describes statutory requirements covering the investment of the Town funds. The Town holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the Town's mission, the Town determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements and maturities as of June 30, 2022:

	Level 1	Lev	el 2	Lev	el 3		Total
\$	321,049	\$	3	\$		\$	321,049
	199,177				(π)		199,177
	42,508						42,508
	327,181						327,181
	696,289		1		(#)		696,289
	247,029		÷.,			N=	247,029
\$	1,833,233	\$	-	\$	•	2	1,833,233
							65,040
						\$	1,898,273
	\$	Level 1 \$ 321,049 199,177 42,508 327,181 696,289	Level 1 Lev \$ 321,049 \$ 199,177 42,508 327,181 696,289 247,029	Level 1 Level 2 \$ 321,049 \$ - 199,177 - 42,508 - 327,181 - 696,289 - 247,029 -	\$ 321,049 \$ - \$ 199,177 - 42,508 - 327,181 - 696,289 - 247,029 -	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$ 321,049 \$ - \$ - 199,177 - - 42,508 - - 327,181 - - 696,289 - - 247,029 - -	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$ $321,049$ \$ - \$ - $199,177$ - - $42,508$ - - $327,181$ - - $696,289$ - - $247,029$ - - \$ $1,833,233$ \$ - \$ -

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

							Rem	aining Matu	ırity	(in Months)				
]	Reported		Reported		empt from	12	2 Months	1	3 to 24	2	25 to 60	M	ore than
Investments Type	Balance		D	Disclsoure	or Less		Months		Months		60 Months			
Common stock - no maturity	\$	321,049	\$	321,049	\$	0.5	\$		\$	-	\$	12		
Corporate bonds		199,177		:=:		50,110		99,692		49,375		12		
Certificates of deposit		42,508		2 0 2		42,508		1.0				÷.		
Equity mutual funds - no maturity		327,181		327,181										
Fixed income mutual funds		696,289		581,201		5 9 0				5 		115,088		
New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool		65,040		65,040		:(¥)		-				-		
U.S. Treasury bonds		247,029		65,698		25,045		51,618		104,668				
Total	\$	1,898,273	\$	1,360,169	\$	117,663	\$	151,310	\$	154,043	\$	115,088		
					_		-		_					

Credit Risk - The Town has no formal policy on managing credit risk; however, State law limits investments as explained in
Note 1-E. As of June 30, 2022, the Town's investment pool had the following credit risk structure:

				Exempt						
		From		From		Rat	ting a	s of Year H	End	
Investments Type		Balance		Disclosure		A	А		BBB	
Common stock	- \$	321,049	\$	321,049	\$		\$		\$	-
Corporate bonds		199,177		-		=		100,381		98,796
Certificates of deposit		42,508		42,508		-		#		
Equity mutual funds		327,181		327,181		-		-		-
Fixed income mutual funds		696,289		696,289		+		×		=
New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool		65,040		65,040		#		÷		
U.S. Treasury bonds		247,029		196,998	5	0,031		<u> </u>		÷
Total	\$	1,898,273	\$	1,649,065	\$ 5	0,031	\$	100,381	\$	98,796

Custodial Credit Risk – This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker/dealer) to honor a transaction, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have custodial credit risk policies for investments.

Investment reconciliation:

Investments per Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)	\$ 1,194,758
Investments per Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds (Exhibit F-1)	703,515
Total investments	\$ 1,898,273

NOTE 5 - TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivables represent the amount of current and prior year taxes which have not been collected as of June 30, 2022. Taxes receivable by year are as follows:

			Governme	ntal Funds				
	Go	overnmental	General	Other				
	0.0	Activities	 Fund	Gov	ernmental			
Property:								
Levy of 2022	\$	3,088,712	\$ 3,088,712	\$	۲			
Unredeemed (under tax lien):								
Levy of 2021		85,067	85,067		(.)			
Levy of 2020		82,505	82,505		200			
Levies of 2019 and prior		33,346	33,346		190) 1900			
Yield		90,000	45,000		45,000			
Taxes receivable	\$	3,379,630	\$ 3,334,630	\$	45,000			

NOTE 6 – OTHER RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of accounts (billings for ambulance, police details, water, wastewater, solid waste, and other user charges) and intergovernmental amounts arising from grants. Receivables are recorded on the Town's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and collectability.

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

								Fiduciary
								Funds
			Governme	ntal Funds	1	Proprietary Funds		All
	Governmental	Business-type	General	Nonmajor			Solid	Custodial
	Activities	Activities	Fund	Funds	Water	Wastewater	Waste	Funds
Receivables:								¢.
Accounts	\$ 578,439	\$ 1,094,389	\$ 553,942	\$ 24,497	\$ 373,644	\$ 677,425	\$ 43,320	\$
Intergovernmental	433,532	3,204,312	-	433,532	348,305	2,856,007		9,972,911 *
Gross receivables	1,011,971	4,298,701	553,942	458,029	721,949	3,533,432	43,320	9,972,911
Less:								
Allowance for uncollectibles	(351,713)	(1,212)	(351,713)	(4),	-		(1,212)	
Net total receivables	\$ 660,258	\$ 4,297,489	\$ 202,229	\$ 458,029	\$ 721,949	\$ 3,533,432	\$ 42,108	\$ 9,972,911

* Fiduciary Funds - intergovernmental receivables represent property taxes collected on behalf of the Newmarket School District and Rockingham County. These amounts are collected and are part of the Town's general fund cash at year-end. The general fund reports an offsetting deferred inflow of resources for unavailable property tax revenue for this amount at year-end, see Note 11.

NOTE 7 – PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid items at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

				Gov	vernmental Fund	Pro	oprietary Fund
	 ernmental ctivities				General Fund		Sewer Fund
Interest on long-term debt	\$ 7,811	\$	38,280	\$	30,734	\$	38,280
Insurance	69,347				69,347		
Software	5,081		-		5,081		
Other miscellaneous	2,643				2,643		
Total	\$ 84,882	\$	38,280	\$	107,805	\$	38,280

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance, beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance, ending		
Governmental activities:						
At cost:						
Not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 6,213,245	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,213,245		
Intangible asset	75,986		±),	75,986		
Construction in progress	2,852,945	41,565	(452,565)	2,441,945		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	9,142,176	41,565	(452,565)	8,731,176		
Being depreciated:						
Buildings and building improvements	5,917,162	466,856	3 0 2	6,384,018		
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	6,541,730	409,103	(256,700)	6,694,133		
Infrastructure	66,601,241	433,849		67,035,090		
Total capital assets being depreciated	79,060,133	1,309,808	(256,700)	80,113,241		
Total all capital assets	88,202,309	1,351,373	(709,265)	88,844,417		
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and building improvements	(2,510,998)	(221,982)	-	(2,732,980)		
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	(4,180,796)	(431,122)	254,641	(4,357,277)		
Infrastructure	(36,008,810)	(1,772,386)		(37,781,196)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(42,700,604)	(2,425,490)	254,641	(44,871,453)		
Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	36,359,529	(1,115,682)	(2,059)	35,241,788		
Net book value, all governmental activities capital assets	\$ 45,501,705	\$ (1,074,117)	\$ (454,624)	\$ 43,972,964		
Business-type activities:						
At cost:						
Not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 852,397	\$ -	\$	\$ 852,397		
Construction in progress	5,465,858	5,129,093	(9,939)	10,585,012		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,318,255	5,129,093	(9,939)	11,437,409		
Being depreciated:						
Buildings and building improvements	20,455,822	47,144		20,502,966		
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	1,270,520	46,859	(23,454)	1,293,925		
Infrastructure	15,378,336			15,378,336		
Total capital assets being depreciated	37,104,678	94,003	(23,454)	37,175,227		
Total all capital assets	43,422,933	5,223,096	(33,393)	48,612,636		
				(Continued)		

Capital assets continued:

Balance, beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance, ending
(6,602,023)	(401,812)	(• .:	(7,003,835)
(355,119)	(77,505)	23,454	(409,170)
(6,911,819)	(338,548)		(7,250,367)
(13,868,961)	(817,865)	23,454	(14,663,372)
23,235,717	(723,862)		22,511,855
\$ 29,553,972	\$ 4,405,231	\$ (9,939)	\$ 33,949,264
	beginning (6,602,023) (355,119) (6,911,819) (13,868,961) 23,235,717	beginning Additions (6,602,023) (401,812) (355,119) (77,505) (6,911,819) (338,548) (13,868,961) (817,865) 23,235,717 (723,862)	beginning Additions Deletions (6,602,023) (401,812) - (355,119) (77,505) 23,454 (6,911,819) (338,548) - (13,868,961) (817,865) 23,454 23,235,717 (723,862) -

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function are as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 108,102
Public safety	383,001
Highways and streets	1,812,193
Culture and recreation	122,194
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,425,490
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 357,415
Sewer	 460,450
Total depreciation expense	\$ 817,865

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances - The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Water	\$ 4,355
General	Nonmajor	27,027
Wastewater	General	227,629
Nonmajor	General	25,582
Wastewater Nonmajor Nonmajor	Nonmajor	385
	-	\$ 284,978

The outstanding balances among funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund Transfers - The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

		Tran	sfers In:	
			Proprietary	
	Governn	nental Funds	Funds	
	General	Nonmajor	Solid Waste	Total
Transfers out:		¢ 110.605	\$ 747.443	\$ 858.038
General fund	\$ -	\$ 110,595	ۍ /4/,443 -	28,520
Nonmajor fund Total	28,520 \$ 28,520	\$ 110,595	\$ 747,443	\$ 886,558
	2020 2010/061202000			

During the year, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authority to the fund responsible for expenditure and (2) move general fund resources to provide an annual subsidy.

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Governmental Funds

NOTE 10 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL PAYABLES

Amounts due to other governments at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

			Fid	uciary Funds	
	Gov	vernmental		All	-
		Fund		Custodial	
		General		Funds	
Balance due to the State of New Hampshire	\$	5,258	\$		
Balance due to New Hampshire Retirement System		109,594			
Property taxes due to:					
Newmarket School District		3		9,525,552	*
Rockingham County	~			447,359	
Total intergovernmental payables due	\$	114,852	\$	9,972,911	-

* Property taxes due to the Newmarket School District represent amounts collected by the Town that will be paid to the School District in incremental payments based upon an agreed schedule in the next fiscal year.

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

	Governmental	Governmental Business-type Proprieta		ary Funds		
	Activities	A	ctivities	 Water	W	astewater
Amounts related to pensions, see Note 14	\$ 1,460,713	\$	163,544	\$ 58,564	\$	104,980
Amounts related to OPEB, see Note 15	336,103		75,980	27,764		48,216
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,796,816	\$	239,524	\$ 86,328	\$	153,196

Deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

				Governmen	nai ri	mas
					N	onmajor
	G	overnmental		General	Gov	ernmental
		Activities		Fund	-	Funds
Deferred property taxes not collected within 60 days of fiscal year-end	\$		\$	35,690	\$	
Property taxes collected in advance		13,054,180		13,054,180		3 4 3
Grant revenue collected in advance of eligible expenditures being made		503,251		8		503,251
Amounts related to pensions, see Note 14		1,505,064				-
Amounts related to OPEB, see Note 15		371,968		5		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	15,434,463	\$	13,089,870	\$	503,251
	В	usiness-type		Proprieta	ry Fur	nds
		Activities	8	Water	W	astewater
Amounts related to pensions, see Note 14	\$	168,510	\$	60,342	\$	108,168
Amounts related to OPEB, see Note 15		96,311		35,282		61,029
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	264,821	\$	95,624	\$	169,197
	_				-	

NOTE 12 - DEBT REFUNDING

On January 27, 2022, the Town issued \$7,805,775 of general obligation refunding bonds, with an average interest rate of 2.47%. The net proceeds of \$7,805,775, after issuance costs of \$2,288, plus premium of \$746,890, were used to refund a USDA Rural Development loan dated August 21, 2017, with a total remaining principal balance of \$8,550,337 and an average interest rate of 2.75%.

The reacquisition price was less than the net carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$744,602. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the new debt issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 22 years by \$113,466.

NOTE 13 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the Town's long-term liabilities consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within	Due In More
	July 1, 2021 (as restated)	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022	One Year	Than One Year
Governmental activities:	(lis restated)					
Bonds payable:						
Direct placements	\$ 2,065,000	\$ -	\$ (265,000)	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 265,000	\$ 1,535,000
Notes/loans payable - direct borrowings	1,554,133	953,586	* (139,168)	2,368,551	160,729	2,207,822
Premium	185,915	-	(9,785)	176,130	9,785	166,345
Total bonds payable	3,805,048	953,586	(413,953)	4,344,681	435,514	3,909,167
Compensated absences	376,570	6,977	(14,532)	369,015	3,629	365,386
Net pension liability	6,829,803	×	(2,006,717)	4,823,086		4,823,086
Net other postemployment benefits	1,452,407	H	(424,624)	1,027,783		1,027,783
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 12,463,828	\$ 960,563	\$ (2,859,826)	\$ 10,564,565	\$ 439,143	\$ 10,125,422
Business-type activities: Bonds payable:						
Direct placements	\$ -	\$ 11,705,775	\$	\$ 11,705,775	\$ 463,776	\$ 11,241,999
Notes/loans payable - direct borrowings	18,383,149	-	(9,208,252)	9,174,897	276,681	8,898,216
Premium	,,	746,890	÷.	746,890	33,950	712,940
Total bonds payable	18,383,149	12,452,665	(9,208,252)	21,627,562	774,407	20,853,155
Compensated absences	91,821	11,397		103,218	18,292	84,926
Accrued landfill postclosure care costs	516,000	.	(120,000)	396,000	24,000	372,000
Net pension liability	666,376	-	(126,374)	540,002	192	540,002
Net other postemployment benefits	282,285		(70,526)	211,759		211,759
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 19,939,631	\$ 12,464,062	\$ (9,525,152)	\$ 22,878,541	\$ 816,699	\$ 22,061,842

Long-term bonds/notes are comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:	Original Amount	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate %		tstanding at the 30, 2022	Current Portion
Bonds payable							
Direct placements:							
Open space land acquisition	\$ 2,000,000	2013	2023	4.52%	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000
Downtown TIF	\$ 1,500,000	2013	2023	4.52%		75,000	75,000
Macallen Dam renovation	\$ 1,804,300	2020	2040	2.15%	-	1,625,000	90,000
Total direct placements						1,800,000	 265,000

Long term bonds/notes continued:								
Notes/loans payable - direct borrowing:								
Energy efficiency upgrades	\$ 149,794	2018	2028	3.99%		96,797		14,597
Energy efficiency upgrades	\$ 328,000	2019	2039	4.28%	1,	027,702		42,335
Fire engine	\$ 625,000	2020	2031	2.32%		341,250		34,533
Dump trucks	\$ 328,000	2021	2028	2.77%		277,216		43,105
Sludge thickening equipment	\$ 199,172	2021	2029	2.79%		199,172		26,159
State Revolving Fund loan drawdown*	\$ 426,414	2022	2	5 2 8		426,414		
Total direct borrowings					2,	368,551	,	160,729
Business-type activities:								
Bonds payable								
Direct placements:								
Wastewater treatment project	\$ 7,805,775	2022	2044	2.47%	\$7,	,805,775	\$	315,975
Macintosh and Tucker wells	\$ 3,900,000	2022	2042	2.84%		,900,000		147,801
					11,	705,775		463,776
Notes/loans payable - direct borrowing:								
Wastewater facilities	\$ 1,792,223	2019	2023	2.00%		5,980		5,980
Macintosh Well land acquisition	\$ 340,000	2009	2029	0.00%		140,000		20,000
New Village	\$ 940,000	2012	2032	1.10%		235,000		23,500
Macintosh Well	\$ 2,002,080	2016	2037	1.96%	1,	,501,560		100,104
Great Hill	\$ 631,143	2016	2037	1.96%		473,357		31,557
Water projects interim financing**	\$ 6,819,000	2020	2024	1.80%	6,	,819,000		95,540
					9,	,174,897		276,681
					18,	349,794		553,362
Total					\$ 16,	,980,672	\$	592,656

* *State Revolving Loan Fund Program* – Drawdowns received under a State Revolving Loan Fund Program will be consolidated by promissory note upon substantial completion of the related project. As of June 30, 2022, drawdowns received to date totaling \$426,414 are recorded on the Town's financial statements, exclusive of any anticipated forgiveness on the loans. The note, plus interest, will be repaid from the general fund.

** Water Projects Interim Financing - The interim financing represents a note payable issued through a local financial institution for the purpose of municipal water system upgrades throughout the Town. The term of the loan is not to exceed four years, however, upon completion of the municipal water system upgrades, the Town will replace the interim financing with a loan through the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Rural Development. The USDA loan will be paid in equal semi-annual installments over a period of 30 years.

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds/notes/loans outstanding as of June 30, 2022, including interest payments, are as follows:

Governmental activities:

Fiscal Year Ending		Bor	nds - E	Direct Placem	nents			Notes/	Loans - Direct Borrowings				
June 30,	I	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	265,000	\$	70,044	\$	335,044	\$	160,729	\$	69,000	\$	229,729	
2024		90,000		56,879		146,879		165,847		63,882		229,729	
2025		90,000		52,289		142,289		171,139		58,589		229,728	
2026		90,000		47,699		137,699		176,611		53,119		229,730	
2027		90,000		43,109		133,109		182,267		47,461		229,728	
2028-2032		450,000		147,594		597,594		572,765		161,307		734,072	
2033-2037		455,000		65,699		520,699		350,623		80,979		431,602	
2038-2039		270,000		13,365		283,365		162,156		10,483		172,639	
Totals	\$	1,800,000	\$	496,678	\$	2,296,678	\$	1,942,137	\$	544,820	\$	2,486,957	
			-				-				((Continued)	

General obligation bonds/notes continued:

Busi	ness-type	activities:
Dusi	ness-type	HCLIVILLOI

al Year Ending Bonds - Direct Placements								Notes/Loans - Direct Borrowings						
Ī	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total			
\$	463,776	\$	404,558	\$	868,334	\$	276,681	\$	168,861	\$	445,542			
	471,705		390,699		862,404		6,898,421		163,711		7,062,132			
	484,535		370,033		854,568		175,161		39,383		214,544			
	494,489		348,810		843,299		175,161		36,073		211,234			
	504,171		327,179		831,350		175,161		32,763		207,924			
	2,689,500		1,311,925		4,001,425		815,806		114,164		929,970			
	2,922,875		806,643		3,729,518		658,506		38,708		697,214			
	3,104,124		355,656		3,459,780		+		3 8 7		₹.			
	570,600		22,533		593,133		+			-	-			
\$	11,705,775	\$	4,338,036	\$	16,043,811	\$	9,174,897	\$	593,663	\$	9,768,560			
	\$	Principal \$ 463,776 471,705 484,535 494,489 504,171 2,689,500 2,922,875 3,104,124	Principal \$ 463,776 \$ 471,705 484,535 494,489 504,171 2,689,500 2,922,875 3,104,124 570,600	Principal Interest \$ 463,776 \$ 404,558 471,705 390,699 484,535 370,033 494,489 348,810 504,171 327,179 2,689,500 1,311,925 2,922,875 806,643 3,104,124 355,656 570,600 22,533	Principal Interest \$ 463,776 \$ 404,558 \$ 471,705 390,699 \$ 484,535 370,033 \$ 494,489 348,810 \$ 504,171 327,179 \$ 2,689,500 1,311,925 \$ 2,922,875 \$ \$ 3,104,124 355,656 \$ 570,600 22,533 \$	PrincipalInterestTotal\$ 463,776\$ 404,558\$ 868,334471,705390,699862,404484,535370,033854,568494,489348,810843,299504,171327,179831,3502,689,5001,311,9254,001,4252,922,875806,6433,729,5183,104,124355,6563,459,780570,60022,533593,133	Principal Interest Total \$ 463,776 \$ 404,558 \$ 868,334 \$ 463,776 \$ 404,558 \$ 868,334 \$ 471,705 390,699 862,404 \$ 484,535 370,033 854,568 \$ 494,489 348,810 843,299 \$ 504,171 327,179 831,350 \$ 2,689,500 1,311,925 4,001,425 \$ 2,922,875 806,643 3,729,518 \$ 3,104,124 355,656 3,459,780 \$ 570,600 22,533 \$93,133 \$	Principal Interest Total Principal \$ 463,776 \$ 404,558 \$ 868,334 \$ 276,681 471,705 390,699 862,404 6,898,421 484,535 370,033 854,568 175,161 494,489 348,810 843,299 175,161 504,171 327,179 831,350 175,161 2,689,500 1,311,925 4,001,425 815,806 2,922,875 806,643 3,729,518 658,506 3,104,124 355,656 3,459,780 - 570,600 22,533 593,133 -	Principal Interest Total Principal \$ 463,776 \$ 404,558 \$ 868,334 \$ 276,681 \$ 471,705 390,699 862,404 6,898,421 \$ 484,535 370,033 854,568 175,161 \$ 494,489 348,810 843,299 175,161 \$ 2,689,500 1,311,925 4,001,425 815,806 \$ 2,922,875 806,643 3,729,518 658,506 \$ 3,104,124 355,656 3,459,780 - - 570,600 22,533 593,133 - -	Principal Interest Total Principal Interest Interest \$ 463,776 \$ 404,558 \$ 868,334 \$ 276,681 \$ 168,861 471,705 390,699 862,404 6,898,421 163,711 484,535 370,033 854,568 175,161 39,383 494,489 348,810 843,299 175,161 36,073 504,171 327,179 831,350 175,161 32,763 2,689,500 1,311,925 4,001,425 815,806 114,164 2,922,875 806,643 3,729,518 658,506 38,708 3,104,124 355,656 3,459,780 - - 570,600 22,533 593,133 - -	Principal Interest Total Principal Interest \$ \$ 463,776 \$ 404,558 \$ 868,334 \$ 276,681 \$ 168,861 \$ 471,705 390,699 862,404 6,898,421 163,711 \$ \$ 163,711 \$ \$ 39,383 \$ \$ 39,383 \$ \$ \$ 39,383 \$ \$ \$ 39,383 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			

Accrued Landfill Postclosure Care Costs – The Town ceased operating its landfill in 1990 and completed closure construction in 1995. Federal and State laws and regulations require that the Town perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site after closure. A liability is being recognized based on the future postclosure care costs that will be incurred after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services requirements for financial assurance for landfills require financial assurance for 30 years on an on-going basis. The estimated total current cost of the landfill postclosure care (\$396,000) is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2022. However, the actual cost of postclosure care may be higher or lower due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

Bonds/Notes Authorized and Unissued - Bonds and notes authorized and unissued as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Per Town Meeting		Unissued
Vote of	Purpose	Amount
March 9, 2021	Stormwater improvements	\$ 1,000,000
March 8, 2022	Sludge thickening & supplemental carbon upgrade survey	75,000
,		\$ 1,075,000

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

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Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) is a public employee retirement system that administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Pension Plan), a component unit of the State of New Hampshire, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The Pension Plan was established in 1967 by RSA 100-A:2 and is qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Sections 401(a) and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Pension Plan is a contributory, defined benefit plan providing service, disability, death, and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Substantially all full-time state employees, public school teachers and administrators, permanent firefighters, and permanent police officers within the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan. The System issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing the New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301.

Benefits Provided – Benefit formulas and eligibility requirements for the Pension Plan are set by state law (RSA 100-A). The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II.

Group I benefits are provided based on creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when service commenced.

Group II benefits are provided based on age, years of creditable service and benefit multiplier depending on vesting status as of January 1, 2012. The maximum retirement allowance for Group II members vested by January 1, 2012 (45 years of age with 20 years of service or age 60 regardless of years of creditable service) is the average final compensation multiplied by 2.5% multiplied by creditable service. For Group II members not vested by January 1, 2012, the benefit is calculated the same way, but the multiplier used in the calculation will change depending on age and years of creditable service as follows:

Years of Creditable Service as of January 1, 2012	Minimum Age	Minimum Service	Benefit Multiplier
At least 8 but less than 10 years	46	21	2.4%
At least 6 but less than 8 years	47	22	2.3%
At least 4 but less than 6 years	48	23	2.2%
Less than 4 years	49	24	2.1%

Members of both groups may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances, and death benefit allowances, subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

Contributions: The System is financed by contributions from both the employees and the Town. Member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the State legislature while employer contribution rates are set by the System trustees based on an actuarial valuation. Group I members are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation and group II members (police and fire) are required to contribute 11.55% and 11.80% respectively. For fiscal year 2022, the Town contributed 30.67% for police, 29.78% for firefighters, and 13.75% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2022 was \$691,791, which was paid in full.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2022 the Town reported a liability of \$5,363,087 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.12%, which was an increase of 0.01% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$210,510. At June 30, 2022 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	Deferred	Ι	Deferred
	Outflows of		I	nflows of
	Resources		R	esources
Changes in proportion	\$	222,148	\$	117,494
Changes in assumptions		560,144		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,499,932
Differences between expected and actual experience		150,174		56,148
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		691,791		-
Total	\$	1,624,257	\$	1,673,574
			-	

The \$691,791 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from the Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	
2022	\$ (97,339)
2023	(68,669)
2024	(123,000)
2025	(452,100)
2026	ē
Thereafter	-
Totals	\$ (741,108)

Actuarial Assumptions – The collective total pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions which, accordingly, apply to 2021 measurements:

Inflation:2.0%Salary increases:5.6% average, including inflationWage inflation:2.75% (2.25% for teachers)Investment rate of return:6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Health Retiree Mortality Tables with credibility adjustments for each group (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2019.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2021:

		Weighted average long-term
	Target	expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	2021
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	6.46%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	1.14%
Total domestic equity	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	14.00%	5.53%
Emerging Int'l Equities	6.00%	2.37%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core US Fixed Income	25.00%	3.60%
Private equity	10.00%	8.85%
Private debt	5.00%	7.25%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	6.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer service cost contributions are projected based

on the expected payroll of current members only. Employer contributions are determined based on the Pension Plan's actuarial funding policy as required by RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Actuarial		Current Single	
Valuation	1% Decrease	1% Increase	
Date	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
June 30, 2021	\$ 7,669,828	\$ 5,363,087	\$ 3,438,888

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan financial report.

NOTE 15 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

15-A New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS)

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) administers a cost-sharing multipleemployer other postemployment benefit plan medical subsidy healthcare plan (OPEB Plan). For additional system information, please refer to the 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nhrs.org.

Benefits Provided - Benefit amounts and eligibility requirements for the OPEB Plan are set by state law (RSA 100-A:52, RSA 100-A:52-a, and RSA 100-A:52-b), and members are designated in statute by type. The four membership types are Group II, Police Officers and Firefighters; Group I, Teachers; Group I, Political Subdivision Employees; and Group I, State Employees. The OPEB Plan provides a medical insurance subsidy to qualified retired members. The medical insurance subsidy is a payment made by NHRS to the former employer or its insurance administrator toward the cost of health insurance for a qualified retiree, his/her qualified spouse, and his/her certified dependent children with a disability who are living in the household and being cared for by the retiree. If the health insurance premium amount is less than the medical subsidy amount, then only the health insurance premium amount exceeds the medical subsidy amount, then the retiree or other qualified person is responsible for paying any portion that the employer does not pay.

Group I benefits are based on creditable service, age, and retirement date. Group II benefits are based on hire date, age, and creditable service. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants.

Maximum medical subsidy rates paid during fiscal year 2020 were as follows:

For qualified retirees not eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$375.56 for a single-person plan and \$751.12 for a two-person plan.

For those qualified retirees eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$236.84 for a single-person plan and \$473.68 for a two-person plan.

Contributions – The OPEB Plan is funded by allocating to the 401(h) subtrust the lesser of: 25% of all employer contributions made in accordance with RSA 100-A:16 or the percentage of employer contributions determined by the actuary to be the minimum rate necessary to maintain the benefits provided under RSA 100-A:53-b, RSA 100-A:53-c, and RSA 100-A:53-d. For fiscal year 2021, the minimum rates determined by the actuary to maintain benefits were the lesser of the two options and were used to determine the employer contributions due to the 401(h) subtrust. The State Legislature has the authority to establish,

amend, and discontinue the contribution requirements of the OPEB Plan. Administrative costs are allocated to the OPEB Plan based on fund balances. For fiscal year 2022, the Town contributed 3.21% for police and fire, and 0.31% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2022 was \$87,181, which was paid in full.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – At June 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$420,739 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.11%, which was an increase of 0.01% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$30,306. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred	De	eferred
	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
Changes in proportion	\$	139	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		8 .		5,256
Differences between expected and actual experience		5 :		88
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		87,181		-
Total	\$	87,320	\$	5,344

The \$87,181 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB results from the Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	
2022	\$ (1,151)
2023	(1,104)
2024	(1,238)
2025	(1,712)
2026	Ē
Thereafter	Π.
Totals	\$ (5,205)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 and a measurement date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Price inflation:	2.0% per year
Wage inflation:	2.75% (2.25% for teachers)
Salary increases:	5.6 % average, including inflation
Investment rate of return:	6.75% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Health care trend rate:	Not applicable, given that the benefits are fixed stipends

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Health Retiree Mortality Tables with credibility adjustments for each group (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2019.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2021:

		Weighted average long-term
	Target	expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	2021
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	6.46%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	1.14%
Total domestic equity	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	14.00%	5.53%
Emerging Int'l Equities	6.00%	2.37%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core US Fixed Income	25.00%	3.60%
Private equity	10.00%	8.85%
Private debt	5.00%	7.25%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	6.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made under the current statute RSA 100-A:16 and that plan member contributions will be made under RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Actuarial			С	urrent Single		
Valuation	1% Decrease Rate Assumption 1% Increase				6 Increase	
Date	5.75%		6.75%			7.75%
June 30, 2021	\$	457,377	\$	420,739	\$	388,862

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan financial report.

15-B Town of Newmarket Retiree Health Benefit Program

Plan Description – GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a payas-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expense on the Statement of Activities when a future retiree earns their postemployment benefits, rather than when they use their postemployment benefit. The postemployment benefit liability is recognized on the Statement of Net Position over time.

Benefits Provided – The Town provides postemployment healthcare benefits for certain eligible retirees. The Town provides medical benefits to its eligible retirees. The benefits are provided through the New Hampshire Inter-Local Trust.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At July 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1
Active employees	57
Total participants covered by OPEB plan	58

Total OPEB Liability – The Town's total OPEB liability of \$18,804 (\$649,408 in the governmental activities and \$169,396 in the business-type activities and proprietary funds) was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability of \$818,804 in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate:	3.54%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Current Year Trend	8.50%
Second Year Trend	7.00%
Decrement	decreasing
Ultimate Trend	4.24%
Year Ultimate Trend is Reached	2090
Salary Increases:	3.00%

The discount rate was based on the index provided by *Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index* based on the 20-year AA municipal bond rate as of June 30, 2022.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 General Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021, Pub-2010 General Retirees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021, and Pub-2010 Safety Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021 fully generational.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	June 30,					
	2021	2022				
OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$ 1,225,970	\$ 1,291,497				
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	56,463	42,317				
Interest	26,897	26,715				
Assumption changes	-	(475,994)				
Benefit payments	(17,833)	(9,798)				
Gain attributable to experience	-	(55,933)				
OPEB liability end of year:	\$ 1,291,497	\$ 818,804				

Sensitivity of the Town's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was prepared using a discount rate of 3.54%. If the discount rate were 1% lower than what was used, the OPEB liability would increase to \$896,538, or by 9.49%. If the discount rate were 1% higher than what was used, the OPEB liability would decrease to \$748,556, or by 8.58%.

			Dise	count Rate	_	
	1%	1% Decrease Baseline 3.54% 1% Inc			6 Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	896,538	\$	818,804	\$	748,556

TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the Town's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was prepared using an initial trend rate of 8.50%. If the trend rate were 1% lower than what was used, the OPEB liability would decrease to \$721,911, or by 11.83%. If the trend rate were 1% higher than what was used, the OPEB liability would increase to \$933,184, or by 13.97%.

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates							
	1%	6 Decrease	Base	eline 8.50%	1% Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	721,911	\$	818,804	\$	933,184		

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$115,742. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	O	utflows of	Ir	nflows of
	R	lesources	Resources	
Changes in assumptions	\$	263,727	\$	414,257
Differences between expected and actual experience		61,036		48,678
Total	\$	324,763	\$	462,935
			-	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

\$	46,710
	46,710
	(19,072)
	(39,835)
	(54,710)
-	(117,975)
\$	(138,172)
	\$

NOTE 16 - STATE AID TO WATER POLLUTION PROJECTS

The Town is due to receive from the State of New Hampshire the following amounts in the form of state aid to water pollution projects which is reported in the Wastewater Fund:

Business-type activities:			
Bond Issued	Principal	Interest	Total
C-929 WWTF Upgrade	\$ 2,856,007	\$ 883,388	\$ 3,739,395

Under New Hampshire RSA Chapter 486, the Town receives from the State of New Hampshire a percentage of the annual amortization charges on the original costs resulting from the acquisition and construction of sewage disposal facilities.

At June 30, 2022, the Town is due to receive the following annual amounts to offset debt payments:

Business-type activities:			
Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 61,448	\$ 36,799	\$ 98,247
2024	123,063	71,357	194,420
2025	123,063	68,189	191,252
2026	123,063	65,021	188,084
2027	121,269	61,853	183,122
2028-2032	606,345	262,293	868,638
2033-2037	606,345	183,995	790,340
2038-2042	606,345	105,696	712,041
2043-2046	485,066	28,185	513,251
Total	\$ 2,856,007	\$ 883,388	\$ 3,739,395

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS

The Town entered into construction contracts during the fiscal year for municipal water system upgrades. As of June 30, 2022, the Town had outstanding construction contracts totaling \$2,996,497 that will be financed with State Revolving Fund loans and a State Revolving Fund grant, as discussed at Note 13.

Construction commitments are as follows:

ommitments are as follows.			F	Remaining
Business-type Activities	Spe	ent to Date	C	ommitment
Water				
New Road water and drainage improvements	\$	732,328	\$	1,233,611
Tucker Well improvements		206,988		1,762,886
Total Construction Commitments	\$	939,316	\$	2,996,497
	22			

NOTE 18 - ENCUMBRANCES

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at June 30, 2022 and are as follows:

General fund:		
General government	\$	7,773
Public safety		45,283
Highways and streets	10	131,660
Total encumbrances	\$	184,716

NOTE 19 – NET POSITION

Net position at June 30, 2022 includes the following:

	Government-wide Financial Statements							
	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total		duciary Funds
Net investment in capital assets: Net book value, all capital assets	\$	43,972,964	\$	33,949,264	\$	77,922,228	\$	-
Less:		(1.900.000)		(11,705,775)		(13,505,775)		2
Bonds payable - direct placements Unamortized bond premiums		(1,800,000) (176,130)		(746,890)		(923,020)		Ē
Notes/loans payable - direct borrowings		(2,368,551)		(9,174,897)	-	(11,543,448)		2
Total net investment in capital assets		39,628,283		12,321,702	_	51,949,985		-
•			-				(Co	ntinued)

(Continued)

Net position continued:

	Governme			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Fiduciary Funds
Restricted net position:		3 *		
Capital projects	93,352	2,718,681	2,812,033	5 .
Library	295,844	5 - 2	295,844	<u>e</u>
Perpetual care - nonexpendable	928,527		928,527	
Perpetual care - expendable	212,961		212,961	250
Pistol permits	6,325	3 0 0	6,325	
Drug forfeiture	837		837	
Federal drug forfeiture	24,876		24,876	
Total restricted net position	1,562,722	2,718,681	4,281,403	
Unrestricted	34,400	9,437,322	9,471,722	1,841,534
Total net position	\$ 41,225,405	\$ 24,477,705	\$ 65,703,110	\$ 1,841,534

NOTE 20 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2022 include the following:

					Total
	General	N	onmajor	Gov	vernmental
	 Fund		Funds		Funds
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 107,805	\$		\$	107,805
Tax deeded property	4,609		1		4,609
Permanent fund - principal balance			928,527		928,527
Total nonspendable fund balance	112,414		928,527		1,040,941
Restricted:					
Library	295,844				295,844
Capital projects			93,352		93,352
Pistol permits	×		6,325		6,325
Drug forfeiture	¥.		837		837
Federal drug forfeiture	2		24,876		24,876
Permanent - income balance	2		212,961	_	212,961
Total restricted fund balance	295,844		338,351		634,195
Committed:					
Expendable trust	1,774,142				1,774,142
Recreation	5		851,347		851,347
Ambulance revolving	×		117,030		117,030
Public safety service revolving			204,741		204,741
Conservation commission	÷		135,301		135,301
Impact fees	¥.,		19,722	-	19,722
Total committed fund balance	1,774,142		1,328,141		3,102,283
Assigned:					
Encumbrances	184,716				184,716
Unassigned	 3,040,646		2		3,040,646
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 5,407,762	\$ 2	2,595,019	\$	8,002,781

NOTE 21 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Net position/fund balance at July 1, 2021, was restated to give retroactive effect to the following prior period adjustments:

	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		Propriet	tary	funds
		Activities		Activities		Water	1	Wastewater
To record previously unreported long-term note and related accued interest To restate for incorrect interfund	\$	(1,080,893)	\$		\$		\$	a l
balances in the trust funds Net position, as previously reported	-	43,758,356		(1) 22,806,921	•	15,661 9,055,942	•	(15,662) 13,673,715 13,658,053
Net position, as restated	\$	42,677,463		22,806,920	-	9,071,603		15,056,055

NOTE 22 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the Town was a member of the New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability programs.

The New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability programs are pooled risk management programs under RSAs 5-B and 281-A. Coverage was provided from July 1, 2021, to June 30, 2022 by Primex³, which retained \$2,000,000 of each workers' compensation loss, \$500,000 of each liability loss, and for each property loss it is based upon the Town's property schedule on file with Primex³. The Board has decided to self-insure the aggregate exposure and has allocated funds based on actuarial analysis for that purpose. The workers' compensation section of the self-insurance membership agreement permits Primex³ to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in contributions for any member year, not to exceed the member's annual contribution. GASB Statement No. 10 requires members of a pool with a sharing risk to disclose if such an assessment is probable, and a reasonable estimate of the amount, if any. For the year ending June 30, 2022, the Town paid \$148,734 and \$117,178, respectively, to Primex³ for worker's compensation and property/liability. At this time, Primex³ foresees no likelihood of any additional assessment for this or any prior year.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 23 – COVID-19

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 Coronavirus, economic uncertainties continue. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

The Town was allotted a total of \$958,538 in federal funding from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in 2022. A total of \$479,269, or 50% of the funding, was received in 2022. The remainder is expected to be received in 2022. Eligible uses of these funds include pandemic response or its negative impacts, workforce/personnel, including payroll and hazard/premium pay, provision of government services to the extent of reduced revenue and necessary water, sewer and broadband investment. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town spent \$24,919 of the funds received. The remaining funds are included in deferred inflows of resources until eligible expenditures have been made.

The full extent of the financial impact cannot be determined as of the date of the financial statements.

NOTE 24 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. Accordingly, the government's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the government anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 25 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued. Recognized subsequent events are events or transactions that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. Nonrecognized subsequent events are events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date but arose after the date.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 23, 2023, the date the June 30, 2022 financial statements were available to be issued, and the following events occurred that require recognition or disclosure:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EXHIBIT G TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Unaudited	, -				
Fiscal year-end	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.14%	0.13%	0.12%	0.12%	0.12%	0.12%	0.12%	0.11%	0.12%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,012,607	\$ 4,447,840	\$ 4,802,182	\$ 6,333,818	\$ 5,827,776	\$ 5,654,926	\$ 5,825,930	\$ 7,496,179	\$ 5,363,087
Town's covered payroll (as of the measurement date)	\$ 2,768,188	\$ 2,811,851	\$ 2,877,003	\$ 3,053,172	\$ 3,130,137	\$ 3,331,670	\$ 3,354,421	\$ 3,538,138	\$ 3,538,138
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	181.08%	158.18%	166.92%	207.45%	186.18%	169.73%	173.68%	211.87%	151.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.81%	66.32%	65.47%	58.30%	62.66%	64.73%	65.59%	58.72%	72.22%

EXHIBIT H	
TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE	
Schedule of Town Contributions - Pensions	
New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan	
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022	
Unaudited	

Fiscal year-end	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 289,606	\$ 384,428	\$ 422,316	\$ 466,972	\$ 495,679	\$ 525,896	\$ 521,538	\$ 520,644	\$ 691,791
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(289,606)	(384,428)	(422,316)	(466,972)	(495,679)	(525,896)	(521,538)	(520,644)	(691,791)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>
Town's covered payroll (as of the fiscal year-end)	\$ 2,768,188	\$ 2,811,851	\$ 2,877,003	\$ 3,053,172	\$ 3,130,137	\$ 3,331,670	\$ 3,354,421	\$ 3,538,138	\$ 3,631,838
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.46%	13.67%	14.68%	15.29%	15.84%	15.78%	15.55%	14.72%	19.05%

TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Town Contributions - Pensions

Changes in Benefit Terms – There were no changes in benefit terms for the current period.

Changes in Assumptions - There were no changes in assumptions for the current period.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates – A full list of the methods and assumptions used to determine the contribution rates can be found in the most recent actuarial valuation report. This report can be located at www.nhrs.org.

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Exhibits G and H represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the Town's pension plan at June 30, 2022. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

EXHIBIT I TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			nudited	 			
Fiscal year-end		June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	_	June 30, 2016	 June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2021
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.08%	0.08%	0.11%	0.11%	0.10%	0.11%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	375,963	\$ 342,998	\$ 502,479	\$ 493,351	\$ 443,195	\$ 420,739
Town's covered payroll (as of the measurement date)	\$	3,053,172	\$ 3,130,137	\$ 3,331,670	\$ 3,354,421	\$ 3,538,138	\$ 3,538,138
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		12.31%	10.96%	15.08%	14.71%	12.53%	11.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		5.21%	7.91%	7.53%	7.75%	7.74%	11.06%

56

EXHIBIT J

TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Town Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Unai	udited						
Fiscal year-end	J	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2022
Measurement date]	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2019	 June 30, 2020		June 30, 2021
Contractually required contribution	\$	44,462	\$	44,462	\$	48,545	\$ 51,355	\$ 46,999	\$	44,435
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(44,462)		(44,462)	-	(48,545)	 (51,355)	 (46,999)	-	(44,435)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ 	\$ -	\$	
Town's covered payroll (as of the fiscal year end)	\$	3,053,172	\$	3,130,137	\$	3,331,670	\$ 3,354,421	\$ 3,538,138	\$	3,631,838
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.46%		1.42%		1.46%	1.53%	1.33%		1.22%

The Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Other Postemployment Benefit Liability is an integral part of this schedule.

57

EXHIBIT K

TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

Retiree Health Benefit Program

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

				June	e 30,					
		2017	 2018	 2019		2020	_	2021	_	2022
OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$	349,147	\$ 930,008	\$ 895,748	\$	944,292	\$	1,225,970	\$	1,291,497
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	÷	52,859	37,983	38,742		55,242		56,463		42,317
Interest		13,254	32,745	31,716		25,502		26,897		26,715
Assumption changes		139,746		255		367,231		-		(475,994)
Differences between actual										
and expected experience		575,283	(74,309)	(2,283)		(148,850)		17 20		
Change in actuarial cost method		(164,695)	5 4);	30 - 3		*		3 3 .4		35
Benefit payments		(35,586)	(30,679)	(19,631)		(17,447)		(17,833)		(9,798)
Gain attributable to experience		8	1 40	(i=2,	<i>a</i>	<u> </u>			_	(55,933)
OPEB liability, end of year	\$	930,008	\$ 895,748	\$ 944,292	\$	1,225,970	\$	1,291,497	\$	818,804
Covered payroll	\$	3,053,172	\$ 3,925,787	\$ 4,004,303	\$	3,230,471	\$	3,295,080	\$	3,450,074
Total OPEB liability as a										
percentage of covered payroll		30.46%	22.82%	23.58%		37.95%		39.19%		23.73%

The Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Other Postemployment Benefit Liability is an integral part of this schedule.

TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Schedule of Town Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms for the current period.

Changes in Assumptions - There were no changes in assumptions for the current period.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates – A full list of the methods and assumptions used to determine the contribution rates can be found in the most recent actuarial valuation report. This report can be located at www.nhrs.org.

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibits I, J, and K represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the Town's other postemployment benefits at June 30, 2022. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Changes in Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

Significant changes from the previous actuarial valuation:

- Increasing the discount rate from 2.21% to 3.54%.
- Initial trend rates were advanced, the model for trends in subsequent years is based on the Getzen Model as updated through September 2021.
- The payroll growth rate was increased from 3.00% to 2.00%.
- The election rate was changed from 85% to 50% based on expected future enrollment.
- Mortality assumption changed from SOA RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2019 (Base Year 2006) to Pub-2010 General Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021, Pub-2010 General Retirees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021, and Pub-2010 Safety Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021.
- The tables used for retirement and termination assumptions were updated to reflect the most recent tables from the New Hampshire Retirement System Comprehensive Annual Financial Report dated June 30, 2019.
- The morbidity assumptions were updated to use the Dale Yamamoto model published by the Society of Actuaries to give a better projection of anticipated costs as adjusted for age.

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibit K represents the actuarial determined costs associated with the Town's other postemployment benefits at June 30, 2022. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Major General Fund Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Estimated	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Taxes:	• • • • • • • • • •	ф <u>5 (10 455</u>	¢ 2669
Property	\$ 5,606,787	\$ 5,610,455	\$ 3,668
Land use change	20,000	45,000	25,000
Yield	1,235	301	(934)
Excavation	-	411	411
Payment in lieu of taxes	26,258	25,432	(826)
Interest and penalties on taxes	30,000	53,385	23,385
Total from taxes	5,684,280	5,734,984	50,704
Licenses, permits, and fees:			
Motor vehicle permit fees	1,736,417	1,740,246	3,829
Building permits	67,320	120,797	53,477
Other	195,093	188,473	(6,620)
Total from licenses, permits, and fees	1,998,830	2,049,516	50,686
Intergovernmental:			
State: Meals and rooms distribution	696,084	696,084	-:
Highway block grant	178,861	178,153	(708)
Other	1,117	1,117	-
Federal:	-,		
COVID-19 recovery funds		10,469	10,469
Other:			
Newmarket School District	155,000	89,541	(65,459)
Total from intergovernmental	1,031,062	975,364	(55,698)
Charges for services:			
Income from departments	217,250	345,901	128,651
Miscellaneous:			
Sale of municipal property	•)	35,380	35,380
Interest on investments	50,000	11,697	(38,303)
Other		122,088	122,088
Total from miscellaneous	50,000	169,165	119,165
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	664,243	664,243	
Total revenues and other financing sources	9,645,665	\$ 9,939,173	\$ 293,508
Unassigned fund balance used to reduce tax rate	598,373		
Total revenues, other financing sources, and use of fund balance	\$ 10,244,038		

SCHEDULE 2 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Major General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Encumbered from Prior Year	Appropriations	Expenditures	Encumbered to Subsequent Year	Variance Positive (Negative)
Current:					
General government:					
Executive	\$ -	\$ 247,850	\$ 243,771	\$-	\$ 4,079
Election and registration	1,170	222,542	165,042	5. 	58,670
Financial administration	-	290,886	259,517	1,200	30,169
Revaluation of property	-	79,520	92,206	3.53	(12,686)
Legal	-	90,000	97,097	1.54	(7,097)
Personnel administration	-	1,770,014	1,589,365	1.5-6	180,649
Planning and zoning	2,273	154,865	155,265	1,000	873
General government buildings	907	794,161	678,990	5,573	110,505
Cemeteries	-	43,324	19,351		23,973
Insurance, not otherwise allocated	-	109,277	75,535	•	33,742
Other	1,200	219,150	188,662	<u> </u>	31,688
Total general government	5,550	4,021,589	3,564,801	7,773	454,565
Public safety:					
Police	17,884	1,764,146	1,537,083	43,435	201,512
Fire	7,552	503,432	526,095	1,848	(16,959)
Building inspection		82,707	94,295		(11,588)
Emergency management	×	2,250	1,056	: .	1,194
Total public safety	25,436	2,352,535	2,158,529	45,283	174,159
	-				
Highways and streets: Administration	a.	514,746	541,761	21	(27,036)
	43,554	455,900	392,399	131,280	(24,225)
Highways and streets	45,554	5,000	572,577	101,200	5,000
Bridges	-	45,216	24,644		20,572
Street lighting	1,000	197,200	217,005	359	(19,164)
Other Total highways and streets	44,554	1,218,062	1,175,809	131,660	(44,853)
Welfare:			00.001		15 560
Administration and direct assistance	ź.	38,450	22,881	-	15,569
Intergovernmental welfare payments		49,980	13,108	<u> </u>	36,872
Total welfare		88,430	35,989		52,441
Culture and recreation:					
Parks and recreation	757	228,944	229,066	-	635
Patriotic purposes		2,500	<u> </u>	-	2,500
Other		55,000	43,500		11,500
Total culture and recreation	757	286,444	272,566		14,635
Conservation		2,900	3,070		(170)
Economic development	20,500	30,000	20,500		30,000
Debt service:					
Principal of long-term debt	120	275,000	265,000	-	10,000
Interest on long-term debt	-	73,472	77,800		(4,328)
Total debt service		348,472	342,800		5,672
Capital outlay		586,103	586,103	¥	
			5-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	3	
Other financing uses: Transfers out		1,309,503	1,579,503	<u>.</u>	(270,000)
Total appropriations, expenditures, other financing uses, and encumbrances	\$ 96,797	\$ 10,244,038	\$ 9,739,670	\$ 184,716	\$ 416,449

See Independent Auditor's Report.

SCHEDULE 3 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Major General Fund Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unassigned fund balance, beginning (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)		\$ 2,997,725
Changes: Unassigned fund balance used to reduce 2021-22 tax rate		(598,373)
2021-22 Budget summary: Revenue surplus (Schedule 1) Unexpended balance of appropriations (Schedule 2) Budget surplus	\$ 293,508 416,449	709,957
Increase in nonspendable fund balance		(32,973)
Unassigned fund balance, ending (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)		3,076,336
Reconciliation on Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis		
To record deferred property taxes not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year-end, not recognized on a budgetary basis Unassigned fund balance, ending, GAAP basis (Exhibit C-1)		(35,690) \$ 3,040,646

SCHEDULE 4 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

				5	Special Re	evenue	e Funds				
	Pistol Permits	F	Recreation		Drug feiture		bulance volving	S	lic Safety Service Evolving		nservation mmission
ASSETS						-			100 505	•	00 201
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,325	\$	870,491	\$	837	\$	117,030	\$	180,735	\$	90,301
Investments	>	α.	9 7 3						-		
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectable:											45 000
Taxes	53	e	۰		(#)		85		02 (01		45,000
Accounts	-	8	416		:*:				23,621		1
Due from other governments			8 - 2		3 e 1				205		
Interfund receivable						_	(#)	-	385	-	1993
Total assets	\$ 6,325		870,907	\$	837	\$	117,030	\$	204,741	\$	135,301
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Retainage payable Contract payable Due to other governments Interfund payable Total liabilities	\$	\$	4,752 12,772 - - 2,036 19,560	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - Grants received in advance		<u> </u>)			-	-	2
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	5	5		-		8		-		1
Restricted	6,325)			837		117.020		204 741		125 201
Committed	-		851,347		-	1.2	117,030	·	204,741		135,301
Total fund balances	6,325	<u> </u>	851,347	-	837		117,030	0.	204,741	12	135,301
Total liabilities, deferred infflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 6,32	5\$	870,907	\$	837	\$	117,030	\$	204,741	\$	135,301

		Fe	ederal						Ca	pital	Project F	unds					
		I	Drug					Μ	acallen		Open	N	ew Road	F	Permanent		
Grants		For	feiture	CDBG		Im	pact Fees	Dam		Space			Drainage		Fund		Total
\$ 49	98,273	\$	24,876	\$		\$	19,722	\$	6,707	\$	86,645	\$		\$	54,278	\$	1,956,220
	-		-		-				۰						1,087,210		1,087,21
	2						-				<u>.</u>						45,00
	460				122		140		(a)		-						24,49
	-100		-		17,537		-				-		415,995		-		433,53
	7,962		-		17,620		-		- 27		2						25,96
_	06,695	\$	24,876	\$	35,157	\$	19,722	\$	6,707	\$	86,645	\$	415,995	\$	1,141,488	\$	3,572,42
												^		۴		¢	22.41
\$	3,059	\$	ज	\$	10,024	\$	-	\$	•	\$	•	\$	14,578	\$		\$	32,41 12,77
	(-)						180				5		-		510 1		38,40
			×		19 1 2						5		38,402				345,62
	3 4 2						(#),						345,620		0 . *-		17,53
	-		-		17,537						iii.		- 17,395				27,41
	385	-		_	7,596	_			•		<u> </u>		415,995	-		+	474,15
	3,444	-		_	35,157	5		-					415,995	-			
50)3,251	-	-					-		_	-			¢-			503,25
			-												928,527		928,52
	:29		24,876		-		-		6,707		86,645				212,961		338,35
	-						19,722				-				18		1,328,14
	2		24,876	-	-	;===	19,722		6,707	-	86,645	_	-	1	1,141,488		2,595,01

SCHEDULE 5 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds						
					Public Safety		
	Pistol		Drug	Ambulance	Service	Conservation	
	Permits	Recreation	Forfeiture	Revolving	Revolving	Commission	Grants
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,000	\$ -
Intergovernmental		199,407	2 4	3 70 5			23,410
Charges for services	305	585,898	-	75,000	219,731	6 - 1	2. - 3
Miscellaneous	11	873		37		4,348	58,920
Total revenues	316	786,178		75,037	219,731	49,348	82,330
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	.	(#);	8 .		. ÷	(*	24,014
Public safety	1,688	8 4 0	-	0 . =0	179,861	10 2 3	8,777
Welfare		1	-	5 4 8	-	-	0.00
Culture and recreation		316,194		0 .	÷.	-	11,103
Conservation	¥:	-		3 = 2	=	85,473	
Capital outlay		-	Mai	3,503	<u> </u>	-	120,511
Total expenditures	1,688	316,194	<u> </u>	3,503	179,861	85,473	164,405
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(1,372)	469,984		71,534	39,870	(36,125)	(82,075)
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		547	2	-	÷	=	110,595
Transfers out				<u> </u>		-	(28,520)
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>					82,075
Net change in fund balances	(1,372)	469,984	-	71,534	39,870	(36,125)	×.
Fund balances, beginning	7,697	381,363	837	45,496	164,871	171,426	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 6,325	\$ 851,347	\$ 837	\$ 117,030	\$ 204,741	\$ 135,301	<u>\$ -</u>

	Spe	cial Revenue F	unds						
Federal					С	apital Project	-		
Drug			Ma	callen	Open	New Road	Permanent		
Fo	rfeiture	CDBG	Impact Fees	<u> </u>	Dam	Space	Drainage	Fund	Total
\$	3 4 5	\$ -	\$-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,000
4	-	631,553	· ·	a .	<u>_</u>	(-)	426,414	-	1,280,784
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	880,934
	21	-	7,509	ł.	-	100	-	97,816	169,635
	21	631,553	7,509	_	4	100	426,414	97,816	2,376,353
			-		-	3 7 2	-	260,569	284,583
	-	-	-	-	=	:*:	-		190,326
	-	101,635	÷	2	÷	<u>.</u>	343	×	101,635
		73,420	17,935		-		-	<u> </u>	418,652
	14			-	-			5	85,473
		456,498	-	- 1	0,913	-	426,414	· · · · · · · ·	1,017,839
		631,553	17,935	0:	0,913		426,414	260,569	2,098,508
	21		(10,426	<u>) (1</u>	0,913)	100		(162,753)	277,845
	-	2	-		ŝ		-		110,595
		-	-		Ξ		·	-	(28,520)
	28	-		- 0					82,075
	21	-	(10,426	5) (1	0,913)	100		(162,753)	359,920
	24,855	-	30,148	1	7,620	86,545	-	1,304,241	2,235,099
\$	24,876	\$ -	\$ 19,722		6,707	\$ 86,645	\$ -	\$ 1,141,488	\$ 2,595,019

SCHEDULE 6 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Custodial Funds Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2022

		Custodial Funds					
	Taxes	Trust Funds	Impact Fees	State of NH Motor Vehicle Registrations	Total		
ASSETS	1 4XCS	Trust Funds		Tregistrations			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 1,642,164	\$ 124,693	\$ -	\$ 1,766,857		
Intergovernmental receivables	9,972,911				9,972,911		
Total assets	9,972,911	1,642,164	124,693		11,739,768		
LIABILITIES							
Intergovernmental payables:							
School	9,525,552	-	200		9,525,552		
County	447,359	3	22°	<u>+</u>	447,359		
Total liabilities	9,972,911	<u> </u>			9,972,911		
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ 1,642,164	\$ 124,693		\$ 1,766,857		

SCHEDULE 7 TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Custodial Funds Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds								
	-					State	of NH		
						Motor	Vehicle		
	Taxes		Trust Funds	Impac	et Fees	Perm	it Fees	Total	
Additions:									
Contributions	\$		\$ 1,406,510	\$		\$		\$ 1,406,510	
Investment earnings		÷	1,440		28		.=	1,468	
Impact fees collected		2	-		71,789		;. .	71,789	
Tax collections for other governments	20,263,2	285	•		-		5 4 7	20,263,285	
Motor vehicle permit fees collected			-			5	56,891	556,891	_
Total additions	20,263,2	285	1,407,950		71,817	5	56,891	22,299,943	_
Deductions:									
Change in fair market value			798,255		•		-	798,255	
Payments of taxes to other governments	20,263,2	285	(+))		:*:		3 5 1	20,263,285	
Payments of motor vehicle permit fees		-	-		(• 3)	5	56,891	556,891	-
Total deductions	20,263,2	285	798,255		•	5	56,891	21,618,431	-
Change in net position		-	609,695		71,817		-	681,512	
Net position, beginning		10	1,032,469		52,876			1,085,345	_
Net position, ending	\$	-	\$ 1,642,164	\$ 1.	24,693	\$		\$ 1,766,857	=

SINGLE AUDIT ACT SCHEDULES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



PLODZIK & SANDERSON

Professional Association/Accountants & Auditors

193 North Main Street • Concord • New Hampshire • 03301-5063 • 603-225-6996 • FAX-224-1380

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Town Council and Town Manager Town of Newmarket Newmarket, New Hampshire

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newmarket, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Newmarket's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Newmarket's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Newmarket's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Newmarket's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Newmarket's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auduring cherry of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auduring cherry control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose level A. Hatt, CPA integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal

January 23, 2023 Concord, New Hampshire **PLODZIK & SANDERSON** Professional Association



PLODZIK & SANDERSON

Professional Association/Accountants & Auditors

193 North Main Street • Concord • New Hampshire • 03301-5063 • 603-225-6996 • FAX-224-1380

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the Town Council and Town Manager Town of Newmarket Newmarket, New Hampshire

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Newmarket's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Newmarket's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town of Newmarket's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town of Newmarket complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Newmarket and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Newmarket's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town of Newmarket's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town of Newmarket's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town of Newmarket's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town
 of Newmarket's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures
 as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town of Newmarket's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town of Newmarket's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sleryf A. Kiatt, CPA

January 23, 2023 Concord, New Hampshire

PLODZIK & SANDERSON Professional Association

SCHEDULE I TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodifed

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no						
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes <u>X</u> none reported						
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no						
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major programs:							
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no						
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes <u>X</u> none reported						
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major fe	deral programs: Unmodified						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reporte accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	d in yes <u>X</u> no						
Identification of major federal programs:							
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster						
10.760	Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities						
14.228	Community Development Block Grant/State's Program						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000						
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no						
SECTION II - FINANC	SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS						
Γ	NONE						

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

NONE

SCHEDULE II TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Passed Through the New Hampshire Community Development Finance Authority	_			
COVID-19 - Community Development Block Grant/State's Program Community Development Block Grant/State's Program Community Development Block Grant/State's Program Community Development Block Grant/State's Program <i>PROGRAM TOTAL</i>	14.228 14.228 14.228 14.228	20-192-CDPS-CV 20-192-CDHS 20-192-FSPF 20-192-CDPF	\$ 84,086 416,961 2,186 503,233	\$ 212,406 416,961 2,186 357,549 989,102
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed Through the New Hampshire Department of Safety				
State and Community Highway Safety	20,600	#22-136	<u> </u>	2,633
U.S. INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES				
Passed Through the New Hampshire State Library	_			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	<u> </u>	10,469
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Passed Through the New Hampshire Department of Safety	_			
COVID-19 - Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA-4516-DR-NH	<u> </u>	5,857
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	N/A		1,250
DIRECT FUNDING				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	_			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities (Note 4)	10,760	N/A		2,507,524
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	_			
Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	<u></u>	(780)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A		14,450
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	.*		\$ 503,233	\$ 3,530,505

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

TOWN OF NEWMARKET, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Town of Newmarket under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Newmarket, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Town of Newmarket.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Town of Newmarket has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4. Loans Outstanding

The Town of Newmarket had the following loan balance outstanding at June 30, 2022. The loans made during the year are included in the Federal expenditures presented in Schedule II.

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		Current Year	Total Outstanding Balance
CFDA Number	Program Name	Balance at June 30, 2022	at June 30, 2022
10.76	Water and Waste Disposal Systems	\$2,507,524	\$4,093,805
	for Rural Communities		